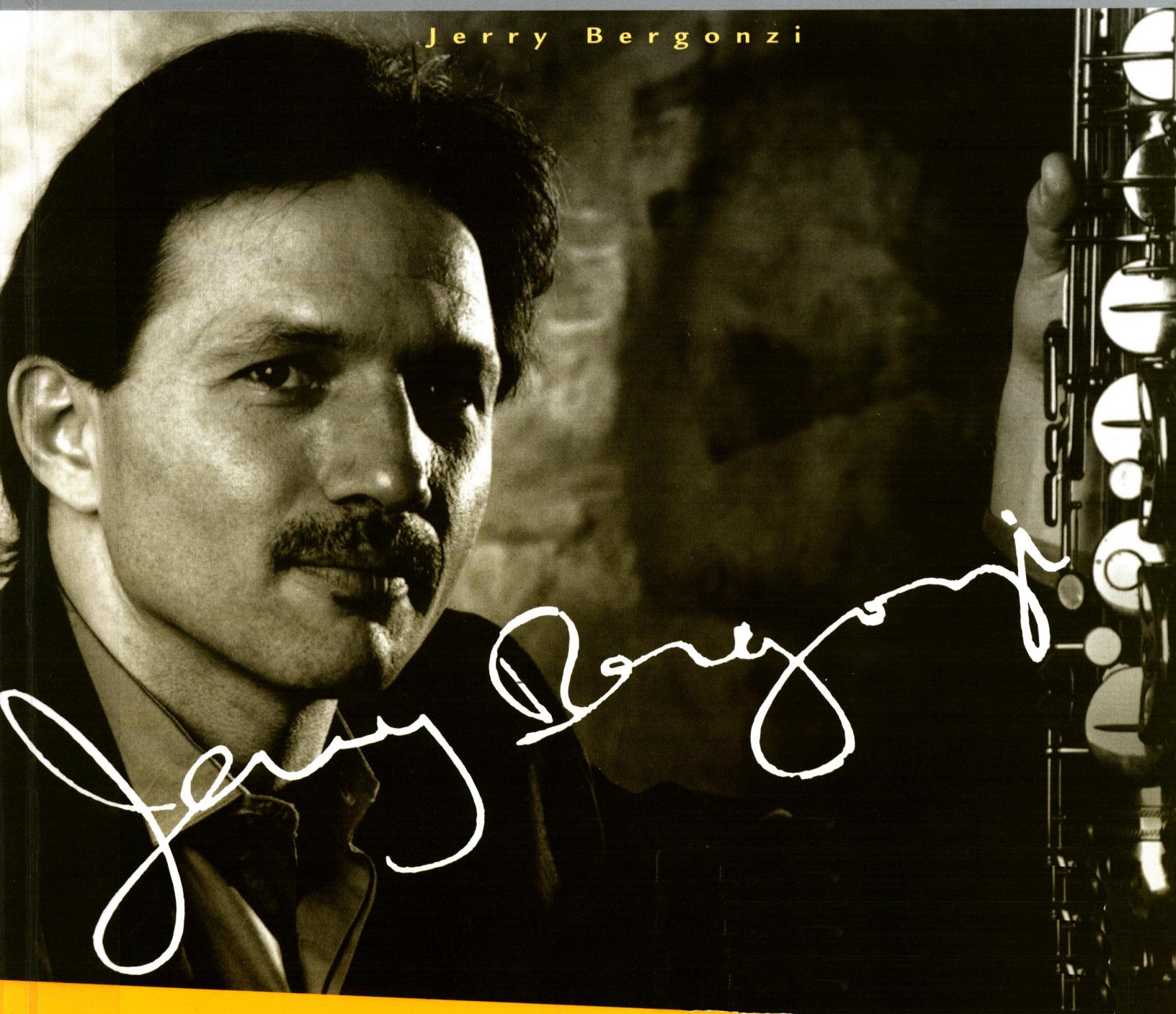


VOL. 5 «THESAURUS OF INTERVALLIC MELODIES»

Jerry Bergonzi



for all instruments



a d v a n c e m u s i c

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Introduction

This is a book of themes, a modern thesaurus of intervallic melodies. These melodies were composed by combining specific intervals with specific shapes. The system presented here is a means for creating original lines and themes. One of the most precious gifts a musician has is his or her own intuition. The material in this book requires you to use your intuition while at the same time it helps to develop and stimulate that faculty.

Each page concentrates on three, four, or five specific intervals. Combining these intervals with all of the possibilities for moving in ascending or descending direction creates an infinite variety of very distinctive melodies.

For example, if we specify a parameter and choose only four specific intervals the resulting melodies can have 16 different shapes. That is, once you have chosen a starting note, the next four notes can move in 16 possible directions. Note that in the diagram on page 11 the directions have letter names as do the specific intervals.

Let's look at the first intervallic melody in the book and take as an example F 11* from starting note C:

| | | | | |
|--------|---|----|----|---|
| F ist | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| 11 ist | B | C | A | D |
| F 11 | 2 | -3 | -2 | 3 |

2 -3 -2 3

↑ ↑ ↓ ↑

major 2nd minor 3rd minor 2nd major 3rd
kleine Sekunde kleine Terz kleine Sekunde große Terz

Although these melodies were composed independent of any particular harmony they can sound quite effective when played over chord changes. Listed below are a number of applications and suggested uses for this system. Everyone internalizes and applies concepts in a unique way and this system is wide open for interpretation.

Dieses Buch versteht sich als eine moderne Sammlung von Themen und Melodien, die aus bestimmten Intervallen zusammengesetzt sind. Die Melodien wurden so komponiert, dass spezifische Intervalle mit bestimmten Melodiekonturen verbunden wurden. Das hier präsentierte System soll Sie in die Lage versetzen, eigene Linien und Themen zu kreieren. Die kostbarste Gabe eines Musikers ist die eigene Intuition. Das Material in diesem Buch erfordert es, die eigene Intuition zu gebrauchen und hilft gleichzeitig, sie zu entwickeln und anzuregen.

Jede Seite beschränkt sich auf drei, vier oder fünf bestimmte Intervalle. Kombiniert man diese Intervalle mit allen Möglichkeiten der Auf- und Abwärtsbewegung, so entsteht eine unbegrenzte Anzahl von sehr charakteristischen Melodien.

Wenn wir uns zum Beispiel auf nur vier bestimmte Intervalle beschränken, so können die daraus resultierenden Melodien 16 unterschiedliche Konturen aufweisen. Beachten Sie, dass im Diagramm auf Seite 11 sowohl den unterschiedlichen Konturen als auch den einzelnen Intervallen bestimmte Buchstaben zugeordnet sind.

Nehmen wir die erste intervallische Melodie in diesem Buch und als Beispiel F 11* von der Note C aus:

| | | | | |
|--------|---|----|----|---|
| F ist | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| 11 ist | B | C | A | D |
| F 11 | 2 | -3 | -2 | 3 |

Obwohl diese Melodien keinen bestimmten harmonischen Bezug haben, können sie sehr effektiv über Akkordverbindungen gespielt werden. Die folgende Aufstellung zeigt zahlreiche Vorschläge und Anwendungsmöglichkeiten für dieses System. Jeder verinnerlicht und verwendet bestimmte Methoden auf ganz individuelle Weise. Dieses System ist ganz besonders offen für eigene Interpretationen.

* 11 – 11th permutation out of 24, as notated on page 11.

* 11 – 11. Permutation von insgesamt 24 (siehe Seite 11).

Suggested Uses and Applications

1. EAR TRAINING

Ear Training is at the top of the list. There are various ways to work on ear training using this system. First, try singing the lines. If this is beyond your scope try playing a line several times and then try singing it. While you are singing a line you can also visualize the fingerings on your respective instrument. Working one page at a time is recommended because it will allow you to focus on specific intervals. If you are able to sing the lines and hear the intervallic melodies you can then try to sing the lines over major triads. For example, pick a line and sing it over a C triad (you can even try singing over just two notes, C and G, leaving out the third). Then try singing that line over an E triad or an A flat triad. As you become more familiar with this technique you can then try all of the other keys. Also try singing the lines over other chord types.

2. COMPOSITION

Try focusing on particular intervals when composing a melody. Also, notice the intervallic relationships when analyzing melodies. Try picking a few specific intervals and writing a tune over a standard or original set of chord changes.

3. IMPROVISATION

Try improvising using certain intervals. Thinking intervallically is a way to get outside the changes while you maintain an awareness of the actual changes to the tune. Applying intervallic melodies to chord changes is a challenging task that can give the improviser a unique way to create melodies that are on, through, and sometimes against a given chord or chord progression. A melody can take precedence over the changes. It's like driving on a highway, which represents the chord changes being played, while along side and running parallel to this highway to this highway is an alternate or service highway on which one can also drive. This parallel route represents the substitute chords, the intervallic melodies, the poly-pentatonics, the tonal expansions and many other harmonic and melodic possibilities. The seasoned improviser has a clear view of the main highway while driving on the intervallic highway. He or she can go back and forth in an instant, at will. These excursions or detours from point A to point B are part of the improviser's artistic palette. It takes practice. Try this at home.

4. ARTICULATION

Try changing articulations and time feels while you are practicing these lines. The lines spelled out in these book are just the tip of an infinite iceberg of melodies. (See page 91, "Suggested Articulations".)

Vorschläge zur Anwendung

1. GEHÖRSCHULUNG

Gehörschulung steht an erster Stelle dieser Aufstellung. Es gibt verschiedene Möglichkeiten der Gehörschulung unter Verwendung dieses Systems. Singen Sie zuallererst die Linien. Wenn Sie damit überfordert sind, spielen Sie die Linien zuerst einige Male. Versuchen Sie beim Singen die Fingersätze auf Ihrem Instrument zu visualisieren. Konzentrieren Sie sich immer auf eine Seite und auf die damit verbundenen spezifischen Intervalle. Sobald Sie die Linien singen und die Intervalle der Melodien hören können, beginnen Sie damit, diese über Durdreiklänge zu singen. Nehmen Sie zum Beispiel eine Linie und singen Sie diese über einen C Durdreiklang. (Sie können auch die Terz weglassen und die Linie nur über zwei Töne, C und G, singen.) Singen Sie die Linie danach über einen E oder As-Durdreiklang. Mit zunehmender Vertrautheit mit dieser Technik können Sie nach und nach alle übrigen Tonarten miteinbeziehen. Singen Sie die Linien auch über andere Akkordtypen.

2. KOMPOSITION

Beschränken Sie sich beim Komponieren einer Melodie auf bestimmte Intervalle. Achten Sie beim Analysieren von Melodien auf die Intervallverhältnisse. Schreiben Sie auf der Grundlage einiger bestimmter Intervalle eine Melodie über einen Standard oder eine eigene Akkordverbindung.

3. IMPROVISATION

Versuchen Sie, mit bestimmten Intervallen zu improvisieren. In Intervallen zu denken ist eine Methode, die ein *outside*-Spiel ermöglicht, wobei man sich der ursprünglichen Akkordverbindung des Stücks bewußt bleiben sollte. Die Verwendung von intervallischen Melodien über Akkordverbindungen stellt eine große Herausforderung für den improvisierenden Musiker dar und eröffnet ihm die Möglichkeit sowohl Melodien zu kreieren, die im Einklang mit gegebenen Akkorden/Akkordverbindungen stehen als auch Melodien zu bilden, die im Kontrast zu diesen Akkorden stehen. Eine Melodie kann eine Vorrangstellung über die Akkorde einnehmen. Man kann dies vergleichen mit dem Fahren auf einem Highway, der für die Akkordverbindung steht, während parallel dazu eine weitere, untergeordnete Straße führt. Diese parallele Straße steht für Akkordsubstitutionen, intervallische Melodien, Poly-Pentatonik, tonale Erweiterungen und viele andere harmonische und melodische Möglichkeiten. Der erfahrene Musiker verliert beim Befahren der intervallischen Straße die Hauptstraße nie aus den Augen. Der Wechsel zwischen beiden Straßen ist jederzeit möglich. Diese Ausflüge von Punkt A zu Punkt B gehören zur Palette der künstlerischen Möglichkeiten eines

5. RHYTHM

Try applying different rhythms to these lines. Try applying different time signatures to these lines. Use poly-rhythms to develop these lines, each helps the other. (See page 99, "Suggested Rhythms".)

6. PITCH RETENTION

Try playing the first note of a line, then the first and second notes, then the first, second and third, and so on. Each time try to remember and retain the pitches.

7. INTERVALLIC RECOGNITION

Practicing this material will improve your intervallic recognition, that is your ability to recognize or analyze intervals within melodies, to become more aware of their intervallic substance. Of course, a given melody will sound different depending on what chord it is played against.

8. TECHNICAL FACILITY

One way to approach this book is to practice each line several times every day. Get to the point where you are not really reading any more. Play using fast and slow tempos. Practicing these lines is great for improving technique because these melodies go to unusual places. Some of the larger intervals are quite challenging and are also great to play on your instrument without adjusting for different registers. Try practicing intervallic warm-ups.

9. INTONATION

Going through these lines and playing each melody while making sure each interval is perfectly in tune is a challenge on any string instrument or horn. The benefits from this type of practice are vast.

10. BREAKING FINGER HABITS

We all have our own habitual fingering patterns that we use for good reason. These lines will absolutely expand upon them. The lines go to places where you wouldn't normally go therefore making those options more accessible. Just reading through this book a little each day will change the way you play without even trying.

11. SIGHT READING

Just negotiating what the notes are independent of rhythm is definitely a part of sight reading. What could be a better system than this?

12. PLAYING DUETS

These lines can be played together in unison or two players can play different lines at the same time. Two can play the lines in a round, or two can play the same line with different

Musikers. Es erfordert sehr viel Übung. Experimentieren Sie zu Hause.

4. ARTIKULATION

Üben Sie diese Linien mit unterschiedlichen Artikulationen und in verschiedenen Time Feels. Die Linien in diesem Buch stellen nur die Spitze des Eisbergs von melodischen Möglichkeiten dar (siehe S. 91 "Empfohlene Artikulationen").

5. RHYTHMUS

Spielen Sie die Linien mit unterschiedlichen rhythmischen Figuren und in verschiedenen Taktarten. Verwenden Sie Polyrhythmen zur Entwicklung der Linien (siehe S. 99 "Empfohlene Rhythmen").

6. BEWUSSTSEIN FÜR TONHÖHEN

Spielen Sie zuerst nur die erste Note einer Linie, dann die ersten beiden, danach die ersten drei Noten usw. Versuchen Sie immer die Tonhöhen im Gedächtnis zu behalten.

7. ERKENNEN VON INTERVALLEN

Durch die Beschäftigung mit diesem Material wird sich Ihre Fähigkeit, Intervalle zu erkennen, verbessern. Dazu gehört das Erkennen und Analysieren von Intervallen und Intervallverhältnissen innerhalb einer Melodie. Natürlich wird der Klang einer Melodie vom Akkord beeinflusst, zu dem sie gespielt wird.

8. TECHNIK

Eine Möglichkeit der Verwendung dieses Buches besteht darin, jede Linie täglich mehrere Male zu spielen. Sie sollten den Punkt erreichen, an dem Sie die Linien auswendig spielen. Wählen Sie abwechselnd langsame und schnelle Tempi. Diese Linien sind sehr gut dazu geeignet, Ihre Technik zu verbessern, da Sie unvorhergesehene Wendungen nehmen. Einige der großen Intervallsprünge stellen hohe technische Anforderungen an den Spieler und klingen gut auf Ihrem Instrument, ohne dass sie bestimmten Registern angepasst werden müssen. Spielen Sie Intervall-Linien als "Warm-ups".

9. INTONATION

Es ist eine wirkliche Herausforderung, diese Linien und Intervalle in perfekter Intonation auf Saiten- und Blasinstrumenten zu spielen. Die Vorteile dieser Übungen sind sehr weitreichend.

10. NEUE FINGERSÄTZE/GRIFFKOMBINATIONEN

Wir haben alle unsere eigenen, zur Gewohnheit gewordenen Fingersätze, die wir aus gutem Grunde verwenden. Diese Linien gehen weit darüberhinaus, sie gehen Wege, die Sie

rhythms. Anything works, try it! Play the same line with one person transposing it to another key. Try having three players play the lines in major chords as a constant structure. one player plays the original while another plays up a major third and the other up a perfect fifth.

13. SHAPES

Practicing all of the shapes independent of which intervals are being used is a great melodic device and a tremendous tool for the improviser as it helps to develope new contours and directions in one's melodic lines.

14. GROUP IMPROVISATION

Turn to a page and have a group improvise on the specific themes and just those intervals. This could be amazingly effective.

15. TRANSPOSITION

The ability to play any of the lines transposed to other intervals would be a great skill for the modern musician.

16. DEVELOPING TIME FEEL

Playing the melodies at various tempos with different time feels is a very creative way to practice time. For example, try thinking of the time feel and swing ratio that your favorite player has and see if you can play the line with that kind of feel.

17. RHYTHMIC DISPLACEMENT

After playing a particular melody try playing it again starting on an upbeat so that the entire melody is displaced by one eighth note. As you can see, the possibilities are limitless.

normalerweise nie einschlagen würden. Wenn Sie sich täglich eine bestimmte Zeit mit den Melodielinien in diesem Buch beschäftigen, wird sich Ihre Spielweise, ohne besondere Aufmerksamkeit darauf zu verwenden, verändern.

11. VOM BLATTSPIEL

Noten ohne rhythmische Werte zu spielen ist ein wichtiger Teil des Lesens. Welche Methode sollte sich dafür besser eignen als die vorliegende?

12. DUETTE

Zwei Spieler können entweder eine Linie unisono oder zwei unterschiedliche Linien spielen. Zwei Spieler können eine Linie im Kreise spielen oder die gleiche Linie verschieden rhythmisieren. Alles funktioniert, probieren Sie es aus! Einer von zwei Spielern kann die Linie in eine andere Tonart transponieren. Mit drei Spielern können die Linien so gespielt werden, dass Durakkorde die konstante Struktur bilden. Ein Spieler spielt die originale Linie, der zweite eine große Terz und der dritte eine reine Quinte darüber.

13. KONTUR

Üben Sie die Figuren in allen Konturen, egal welche Intervalle dabei vorkommen. Dies hilft Ihnen, neue Konturen und Richtungen in Ihren eigenen Melodielinien zu finden.

14. GRUPPENIMPROVISATION

Schlagen Sie eine Seite auf und lassen Sie eine Gruppe mit festgelegten Themen und Intervallen improvisieren. Das Resultat kann sehr verblüffend sein.

15. TRANSPONIEREN

Die Fähigkeit, irgendeine der Linien auf eine andere Intervallstruktur zu übertragen, gehört heute zu den handwerklichen Fertigkeiten eines Musikers.

16. ENTWICKLUNG DES TIME FEELS

Die Melodien in verschiedenen Tempi und Feels zu spielen ist eine sehr kreative Art die Time zu üben. Denken Sie z.B. an das Time Feel und den Swing Ihres Lieblingsmusikers, und versuchen Sie die Linien mit diesem Time Feel zu spielen.

17. RHYTHMISCHE VERSCHIEBUNG

Beginnen Sie eine Melodielinie auf einem Upbeat, sodass sie um eine Achtelnote verschoben wird. Sie sehen, die Möglichkeiten kreativ mit diesem Buch umzugehen sind endlos.

4-Interval Melodies

16 Note Directions

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | I | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ |
| B | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | J | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ |
| C | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | K | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ |
| D | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | L | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ |
| E | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | M | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| F | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | N | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ |
| G | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | O | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ |
| H | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | P | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ |

Intervallic Permutations

24 Permutations

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | B | C | D | 7 | B | A | C | D | 13 | C | A | B | D | 19 | D | A | B | C |
| 2 | A | B | D | C | 8 | B | A | D | C | 14 | C | A | D | B | 20 | D | A | C | B |
| 3 | A | C | B | D | 9 | B | D | A | C | 15 | C | B | D | A | 21 | D | B | C | A |
| 4 | A | C | D | B | 10 | B | D | C | A | 16 | C | B | A | D | 22 | D | B | A | C |
| 5 | A | D | C | B | 11 | B | C | A | D | 17 | C | D | B | A | 23 | D | C | A | B |
| 6 | A | D | B | C | 12 | B | C | D | A | 18 | C | D | A | B | 24 | D | C | B | A |

Some 4-Interval Combinations

| | | | |
|----|----|----|----|
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 3 |
| 2 | -3 | 3 | 4 |
| -3 | 3 | 4 | -5 |
| 3 | 4 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 3 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | 5 |
| 2 | -3 | 3 | -5 |
| -2 | -3 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | -3 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | 3 | 4 | -5 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | -5 |
| -3 | 3 | 5 | -6 |
| -2 | 3 | 5 | -6 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | -5 |
| -2 | 2 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | 4 | -5 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 4 |

| | | | |
|----|----|----|----|
| -2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| -2 | -2 | -3 | 3 |
| -2 | -2 | 2 | -3 |
| -2 | 2 | 2 | -3 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | -3 |
| -2 | -2 | 3 | 3 |
| -2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| -2 | -2 | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | -5 | 5 | -6 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | -7 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | -6 |
| -3 | 3 | 3 | -6 |
| -3 | -3 | 3 | -6 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | -7 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | -9 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 9 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| -2 | 4 | -5 | 5 |
| -3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3

F11

C23

G7

N8

1 F11 C23 G7 N8

2 I24 O3 P11 I19

3 A3 K9 B21 J19

4 H18 D12 E14 A17

5 M13 L22 N15 P5

6 N6 I8 O23 B16

7 P24 O21 F12 C22

8 P7 E20 K16 L9

9 J19 A10 I4 M12

10 C3 F14 N17 G13

11 D18 H17 O6 L14

12 K2 B7 N14 I24

A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/4

13 G12 D24 H8 O9

14 M1 P4 A12 J20

15 B4 L10 C22 K20

16 I19 E13 F15 B18

17 N14 M23 O16 A6

18 M7 J9 P24 C17

19 A1 P22 G13 D23

20 A8 N21 L17 M10

21 K20 B11 J5 N13

22 D4 F15 O18 H14

23 E19 I18 H7 M15

24 L3 K8 N15 J1

A/-3 B/3 C/4 D/-5

1113 E1 19 H10

25

N2 A5 J13 K21

26

C5 M11 L23 L21

27

J20 F14 G15 C19

28

M16 N24 H17 B7

29

N8 K10 A1 P18

30

B2 O23 H14 P24

31

B9 O22 M18 N11

32

L21 C12 K6 O14

33

E5 G16 P19 A15

34

F20 J19 G8 N16

35

M4 L9 O16 K2

36

A/3 B/4 C/-5 D/5

37 H13 J23 P9 G10

38 N2 A5 K18 N21

39 C5 M20 D23 B21

40 J20 F14 G16 C19

41 O15 N24 H17 B7

42 N8 L10 M1 D18

43 B2 C23 P14 E24

44 B9 P23 F19 O12

45 M22 L13 D7 O15

46 F6 K17 D19 B16

47 G21 L20 H9 K17

48 N5 A10 P17 M3

16

A/-2 B/3 C/-5 D/5

49 H13 K24 E10 P11

50 O3 C6 L19 O22

51 D6 F21 E24 C22

52 K21 G15 H17 C8

53 P16 O1 G18 C8

54 O9 M11 N2 E19

55 C3 B24 P15 F2

56 C10 A24 N22 P16

57 N23 L13 E8 P16

58 G7 L18 E20 I17

59 H22 M21 K10 L18

60 O5 J11 J11 N4

17

| | | | | |
|--|------|-----|------|-----|
| | A/-2 | B/2 | C/-3 | D/5 |
|--|------|-----|------|-----|

61 I14 C24 F11 G12

62 P4 M4 L5 O5

63 M7 E7 F1 D23

64 L22 D22 H18 H19

65 A17 P2 P2 B21

66 P10 N12 O3 F12

67 C3 B24 P15 F2

68 D11 B1 O23 A17

69 M24 K14 F9 P16

70 H8 M19 N21 B18

71 I22 F22 K11 M19

72 P6 K12 K12 O4

Intervallic Sequences

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/5

73 J14 J14 L5 J14

74 M24 M24 N4 H24

75 B23 C23 J23 K23

76 P4 M4 M4 P4

77 M6 M6 E6

78 P2 B2 B2 P2

79 C22 C22 C22 K22

80 N12 N4 N21 N13

81 O4 O4 G4 G4

82 F2 F9 N2 N9

83 C24 C23 C16 J16

84 C22 C22 C5 C5

Intervallic Sequences

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/5

(23)

03

D/5

84

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 11 begins with a half note in the bass staff followed by a eighth-note pattern of B, A, C, B. Measure 12 begins with a half note in the bass staff followed by a eighth-note pattern of D, C, E, D.

86

A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 110 starts with a whole note in common time. Measures 111 and 112 show eighth-note patterns with various accidentals (flat, sharp, natural) and slurs.

8

A musical score excerpt for a single melodic line. The score consists of five staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, followed by four staves of bass clef. Measure 10 (C10) begins with a bass note followed by two treble notes. Measure 11 (B18) begins with a bass note followed by three treble notes. Measure 12 (C10) begins with a bass note followed by two treble notes. Measure 13 (B18) begins with a bass note followed by three treble notes.

8

K21 K21 H21 K21

8

A musical score for piano featuring four measures of music. The first measure starts with a dynamic marking 'F3' above the staff. The second measure starts with a dynamic marking 'E3' above the staff. The third measure starts with a dynamic marking 'B3' above the staff. The fourth measure starts with a dynamic marking 'N3' above the staff. The music consists of eighth-note patterns on the treble clef staff.

8

A musical score for piano, showing four staves of music. The first staff begins with a quarter note followed by a eighth-note triplet. The second staff begins with a eighth-note triplet. The third staff begins with a eighth-note triplet. The fourth staff begins with a eighth-note triplet.

9

A musical score page showing measures 22 and 23. The key signature changes from one sharp to two sharps. Measure 22 starts with a sharp, followed by a blacked-out section. Measure 23 begins with a sharp, followed by a blacked-out section. The measure number 114 is written above the staff.

9

A musical score excerpt featuring two measures. Measure G18 begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It consists of a single eighth-note followed by a sixteenth-note rest, then a quarter note, another quarter note, and a half note. Measure G10 begins with a key signature of one sharp. It contains a sixteenth-note rest, followed by a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, and a half note. The notes are primarily black, with some being sharp or flat as indicated by the key signatures.

A musical score for piano featuring a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The key signature is one sharp. Above the staff, harmonic labels are placed above specific notes: 'N9' above the first note, 'F6' above the second note, 'N9' above the third note, and 'F6' above the fourth note. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth-note patterns.

9

A musical score for piano in G major, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The score consists of four staves of music. Measures 14 and 15 show eighth-note patterns with various accidentals (flat, sharp, natural). Measure 16 begins with a single eighth note followed by a sixteenth-note休止符 (rest). Measure 17 concludes with a single eighth note.

A musical score excerpt featuring a treble clef staff. The first measure, labeled J11, consists of a eighth note followed by six sixteenth notes. The second measure, labeled J12, starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note, a sixteenth note sharp, a eighth note, and a sixteenth note. The third measure, labeled J11 again, contains a eighth note, a sixteenth note sharp, a eighth note, and a sixteenth note. The fourth measure, labeled L21, features a eighth note, a eighth note sharp, a eighth note, and a sixteenth note sharp.

A musical score for piano featuring a single melodic line. The score consists of four measures labeled N4, M15, N4, and M15 from left to right. Measure N4 starts with a quarter note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure M15 follows with eighth-note pairs. Measure N4 continues with eighth-note pairs. Measure M15 concludes the excerpt with eighth-note pairs.

Intervallic Sequences

A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/-5

97 G12 G12 G11 G12

98 M1 M1 M1 E1

99 B7 B7 B7 H13

100 N2 N2 N2 N2

101 B2 B2 C2 C2

102 L21 C19 L21 C19

103 K10 K10 K10 L10

104 H17 L9 H17 L9

105 G16 14 G16 14

106 E5 E5 E5 E9

107 M9 M9 M9 M9

108 F20 C21 F20 F20

Intervallic Mirrors

A/-2 B/-3 C/-5 D/5

109 A24 B16 J16 124

110 C23 C23 K23 K23

111 L10 E15 D15 D10

112 M21 M21 E21 E21

113 G13 G8 O13 O8

114 H21 H21 P21 P21

115 F1 F1 N1 N1

116 B9 B9 J9 J9

117 17 D19 A7 L19

118 M24 M24 E24 E24

119 N15 N15 F15 F15

120 C22 C22 K22 K22

A/-2 B/3 C/4 D/5

118 J18 D13 G12 H13

121

A5 N5 M5 P5

122

N7 F8 G2 L1

123

M23 E23 J19 A20

124

B18 B3 B3 C22

125

A10 O13 P4 G13

126

D4 C17 P16 F3

127

E12 J2 N24 B18

128

N1 L15 G10 O17

129

J9 F20 O22 C19

130

J23 G23 L12 N20

131

P6 K12 L12 H5

132

A/-2 B/-3 C/4 D/5

133 K19 L14 H13 I14

134 B6 O6 N6 A6

135 O8 G9 H3 J2

136 N24 F24 K20 C21

137 C19 A3 C4 D23

138 B11 B12 P14 H14

139 E5 D18 A17 G4

140 F13 K3 O1 K21

141 M2 O16 H11 P18

142 J10 F21 P23 L20

143 K24 H24 M13 O21

144 A7 L13 M13 G6

Intervallic Sequences

| | | | |
|------|-----|-----|------|
| A/-2 | B/3 | C/4 | D/-5 |
|------|-----|-----|------|

145 H16 H16 H16 H16

146 N2 N2 N2 N2

147 C21 C21 C21 F21

148 M22 M22 M22 M22

149 N6 N6 N6 O6

150 H17 H17 H17 E17

151 L22 L22 L22 L22

152 K14 K14 K14 I14

153 F8 F8 F8 F8

154 J13 J13 J13 J13

155 O9 O9 O9 O9

156 N4 N4 N4 N4

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/-5

157 B12 C12 D12 E12

158 B17 C17 D17 E17

159 B24 C24 D24 E24

160 J18 K8 J18 J18

161 J12 K12 L12 M12

162 J17 K17 L17 M17

163 J24 K24 L24 M24

164 B8 C8 D8 B8

165 B1 C1 L1 K1

166 J2 K2 O2 J2

167 N3 N3 F3 F3

168 G9 H21 P4 P4

A/-3 B/3 C/5 D/-6

169 E11 L4 M16 K5

170 C23 O9 O15 O21

171 L19 K13 J7 M4

172 B16 C16 D16 A16

173 E16 F16 N16 O16

174 F7 E10 F20 K23

175 H13 L14 K15 J1

176 J2 C3 D17 B20

177 M8 F12 M9 E10

178 P17 P17 O17 L17

179 K24 M9 N11 C12

180 K9 P18 K11 E3

27

Some Sequences

A/-2 B/3 C/5 D/-6

181 B12 K4 J11 M9

182 M7 M8 M9 M10

183 B13 B13 C13 F6

184 F5 C5 F5 C5

185 I20 L1 I14 L1

186 G19 M16 P16 H15

187 A3 N21 O13 I18

188 C14 C15 C16 C17

189 N1 L3 K24 L24

190 E17 E18 E19 E20

191 A21 C4 D8 A21

192 O11 O11 L11 O11

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/-5

193 L6 M15 O20

194 F9 K17 M19 N15

195 A14 B10 N18 F3

196 A20 C11 C4 O7

197 N17 L20 B13 A21

198 F2 F2 F3 M2

199 G14 H18 H19 H20

200 G5 G6 F16 E8

201 M7 M7 M7 M7

202 M11 E11 O11 O11

203 D14 K2 N17 O12

204 A24 L24 K24 J1

A/-2 B/2 C/-5 D/5

L6 K23 M13 N11

205

116 L18 M5 D19

206

H21 O15 K16 L20

207

J4 J13 D20 D21

208

H22 H23 II24 K24

209

E24 II23 E24 H23

210

A7 J4 E1 E1

211

A7 N8 O19 I.19

212

M20 H6 M11 II1

213

O20 O21 O14 O15

214

I10 D19 D19 G19

215

B23 O5 E6 K19

216

A/-2 B/2 C/4 D/5

217 F11 C23 G7 N21

218 L24 O3 P11 A19

219 A3 K9 B21 J19

220 H18 D12 E14 A17

221 M13 L22 N15 H5

222 N6 O8 O23 B16

223 P24 O21 F12 C22

224 P7 E20 K16 L9

225 J19 A10 I20 M12

226 C3 F14 P17 G13

227 D18 H17 O6 L14

228 K2 J7 N14 P15

Intervallic Sequences

A/-2 B/2 C/4 D/-5

229 B5 N8 B5 N8

230 E1 G17 E1 G17

231 K17 K17 L17 L17

232 H24 H24 H24 H24

233 J8 J8 J8 N8

234 F15 F15 F15 F15

235 B11 L14 B11 L14

236 M19 F16 M19 F16

237 C10 K11 C10 K11

238 I20 N7 A14 E7

239 M19 M19 M19 M19

240 G2 J19 G2 J19

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/4

241 E10 B22 F6 M7

242 K24 N2 O10 H18

243 B2 A8 J20 K18

244 G17 A11 D13 H16

245 L12 D21 M14 O4

246 M5 J7 N22 A15

247 O23 N20 E11 B21

248 O6 D19 J15 K8

249 I18 P9 H3 L11

250 B2 E13 M16 F12

251 C17 G14 N5 K13

252 // A6 M13 H23

33

Repeated Intervals

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/3

253 B13 C23 L15 N24

254 K24 K24 C24 C24

255 I7 B8 L20 C18

256 M20 C23 B4 J1

257 E19 E19 M19 M19

258 A2 O4 K18 K18

259 P22 L22 P22 L22

260 G10 H16 J16 M11

261 N14 P15 N14 P15

262 F21 F24 J9 G15

263 P1 A4 P1 A4

264 I18 B7 I18 A7

Repeated Intervals

A/-2 B/-2 C/-3 D/3

265 E10 B22 F6 M7

266 K23 N2 O10 H18

267 B2 J8 A20 H18

268 G17 C11 D13 P16

269 L12 K21 M14 O4

270 M5 H7 N22 A15

271 O23 N20 F11 B21

272 O6 D19 J15 C17

273 A18 P9 H3 L11

274 B2 E13 M16 F12

275 C17 G16 N5 K13

276 J1 A6 M13 H23

Repeated Intervals

A/-2 B/-2 C/2 D/-3

277 D9 A21 E5 L6

278 J22 M1 N9 G17

279 A1 I7 P19 H17

280 F16 B9 C12 O15

281 K11 J20 L13 N3

282 L4 G6 M21 P14

283 N22 M19 B10 A20

284 N5 C18 I14 B16

285 P17 O8 G2 K10

286 A1 D12 L15 E11

287 B16 F15 M4 J12

288 I24 P5 L12 G22

Repeated Intervals

| | | | |
|------|-----|-----|------|
| A/-2 | B/2 | C/2 | D/-3 |
|------|-----|-----|------|

289 C8 P20 D4 B5

121 L24 M8 F16

P24 H6 O18 G16

E15 A8 J11 N14

J10 H19 L12 M2

K3 F5 L20 O13

M21 L18 A9 P19

M4 B17 H13 I15

O16 N7 F1 J9

P24 C11 K14 D10

A15 E14 L3 I11

H24 O4 K11 F21

Repeated Intervals

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/-3

301 B7 O19 C3 A4

302 H20 K23 L7 E15

303 O23 G5 N17 F15

304 D14 P7 B10 M13

305 I9 H18 K11 L1

306 B2 E4 K19 N12

307 L20 K17 G12 H14

308 L3 A16 G12 O18

309 N15 M6 E24 I8

310 O23 B10 J13 C9

311 P14 D13 C23 H10

312 G23 N3 J10 F20

2 Repeated Intervals

| | | | |
|------|------|-----|-----|
| A/-2 | B/-2 | C/3 | D/3 |
|------|------|-----|-----|

313 B13 C23 L15 N24

314 K24 K24 C24

315 I7 B8 L20 C18

316 M20 C23 B4 II

317 E19 E21 M19 M21

318 A2 O4 K18 K18

319 P22 L22 P22 L22

320 G10 H6 J16 M11

321 N14 P15 N14 P15

322 F21 F24 J9 G15

323 P1 A4 P1 A4

324 H18 B7 H18 A7

Repeated Intervals

| | | | |
|------|-----|-----|-----|
| A/-2 | B/3 | C/3 | D/3 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|

325 B13 C23 L15 N24

326 K24 K24 C24 C24

327 I7 B8 L20 C24

328 M20 C23 B4 H1

329 E19 E21 M19 M21

330 A2 O4 K18 K18

331 P22 L22 P21 L19

332 G10 H6 J16 M11

333 N14 P15 N14 P15

334 F21 F24 J9 G15

335 P1 A4 P1 A4

336 P1 B7 B7 C8

2 Repeated Intervals

| | | | |
|------|------|-----|-----|
| A/-2 | B/-2 | C/2 | D/2 |
|------|------|-----|-----|

337 E10 B22 F6 M7

338 K23 N2 O10 H18

339 B2 J8 A20 I18

340 G17 C11 D13 P16

341 L12 K21 M14 O4

342 M5 H7 N22 A15

343 O23 N20 F11 B21

344 O6 D19 J15 C17

345 A18 P9 H3 L11

346 B2 E13 M16 F12

347 C17 G16 N5 K13

348 J1 A6 M13 H23

A/4 B/-3 C/5 D/-6

M16 C21 N15 B9

E1 E1 E1

O22 O22 B16 P16

K9 C9 K16 C19

B21 D12 B2 F1

O12 O12 O12 H12

K18 C18 N2 F15

H10 E21 G17 L16

G15 M11 B1 L16

O6 L16 J18 H1

P16 L12 J1 O24

B12 K15 C7 I.22

349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360

42

Intervallic Sequences

A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/-7

361 E1 H1 E1 E1

362 D20 D20 D20 D20

363 P24 P24 C24 P24

364 O1 O1 O1 B15

365 F14 F14 F14 F14

366 N4 N4 N4 N4

367 G16 I11 G16 J11

368 G11 K17 G11 K17

369 N14 N14 N14 N14

370 M15 M10 M15 M10

371 E3 O4 G12 I23

372 K17 D23 K17 D23

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/-6

373 K10 L7 M4 N1

374 O24 P21 A18 C15

375 B12 D9 C6 E3 I17

376 F1 G23 H20 J14 E3

377 J14 K11 M8 N5

378 L2 O22 O19 A16

379 B13 C10 D7 E4

380 F2 G23 H21 I19

381 J17 K15 L13 M11

382 N9 O7 P9 A5

383 B3 C1 D23 E24

384 F22 M20 N18 G16

Repeated Intervals

A/-3 B/3 C/3 D/-6

385 K10 L7 M4 N1

386 O24 P21 A18 C15

387 B12 D9 C6 E3

388 F1 G23 H20 I17

389 J14 K11 M8 N5

390 I2 O22 O19 A16

391 B13 C10 D7 E4

392 F2 G23 H21 I19

393 II7 K15 L13 M11

394 N9 O7 P9 A5

395 B3 C1 D23 E24

396 F22 M20 N18 G16

A/-3 B/-3 C/3 D/-6

397 K10 L7 M4 N1

398 O24 M21 A18 D15

399 B12 D9 C6 E3

400 B1 B1 B19 J16

401 H124 H124 P24 P24

402 L2 O22 O19 A16

403 B13 C10 D7 E4

404 F2 G23 H21 J19

405 J17 K15 L13 M11

406 N9 O7 P9 A5

407 B3 C1 D23 E24

408 F22 M20 N18 G16

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/7

409 E6 L3 N17 B12

410 F1 D24 B13 M5

411 K5 F15 C18 O24

412 D21 D21 D21 D21

413 M13 J8 M13 J8

414 D17 G22 P17 J1

415 N12 N12 J12 C6

416 M18 M18 P20 M9

417 I24 C17 L24 L24

418 N8 N8 N8 I8

419 M1 E1 E1 H1

420 O21 D22 E14 M24

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/-7

421 E6 L3 N17 B12

422 F1 D24 B13 M5

423 K5 F15 C18 O24

424 D21 D21 D21 D21

425 M13 J8 M13 J8

426 D17 G22 P17 J1

427 N12 N12 J12 C6

428 M18 M18 P20 M9

429 I24 C17 L24 L24

430 N8 N8 N8 I8

431 M1 E1 E1 H1

432 O21 D22 E14 M24

48

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/-9

433 B14 H17 D21 B1

434 A19 I15 A15 I19

435 C15 C21 C2 C23

436 K5 C24 J8 H1

437 H10 C17 P24 L22

438 O24 D24 O24 D24

439 J7 B7 B7 A13

440 N24 A17 J24 G11

441 H17 B22 L23 B6

442 G3 G3 I18 K14

443 I7 E20 E16 E20

444 I17 D23 D19 H18

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/9

445 C14 L6 L19 L13

446 J3 K17 N12 K17

447 A8 I24 A4 I14

448 D24 D24 F8 D24

449 N11 A20 P20 H20

450 C14 N4 P4 B20

451 N10 L5 D18 E23

452 P13 A14 D15 J16

453 K12 D12 A14 C14

454 J16 J16 J16 I16

455 D23 D23 D23 L23

456 I18 N14 H17 A9

50

Sequences

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/4

457 C24 M15 C24 M15

458 A1 H L3 D3

459 E17 F17 F17 N17

460 G19 G14 G9 G4

461 F5 F5 C5

462 J3 J3 J3 J3

463 P14 K8 P14 K8

464 G4 K9 G4 K9

465 P24 P24 P24 M24

466 H21 N15 H21 K15

467 I20 I20 E1 E1

468 C13 C13 C13 C13

A/-2 B/4 C/-5 D/5

469 H24 L12 N2 F17

470 P17 L21 D11 A19

471 O6 K2 C9 J4

472 H121 D5 P1 B21

473 H14 D24 K23 C4

474 P17 H19 D10 G14

475 O18 G8 E8 E18

476 H5 H15 D23 D14

477 J6 H12 D21 N12

478 I16 B7 V22 K17

479 L20 I20 E17 L21

480 B19 L18 E22 B19

A/-3 B/3 C/3 D/4

481 P7 B11 C17 G21

482 H18 O13 C23 L7

483 P20 O1 B11 L21

484 N19 L21 F2 P7

485 O1 E15 F11 M14

486 B3 O7 B3 O7

487 E1 E1 E1 E7

488 K16 G4 F16 L1

489 J3 L1 P10 N13

490 J12 P19 B12 H19

491 N6 A1 P10 N12

492 I.5 P19 N5 C22

3-Interval Melodies

8 Note Directions

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | E | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ |
| B | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | F | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ |
| C | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | G | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ |
| D | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | H | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ |

Intervallic Permutations

27 Permutations

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | B | C | 10 | B | C | A | 19 | C | A | B |
| 2 | A | C | B | 11 | B | A | C | 20 | C | B | A |
| 3 | A | A | B | 12 | B | B | A | 21 | C | C | A |
| 4 | A | A | C | 13 | B | B | C | 22 | C | C | B |
| 5 | A | B | A | 14 | B | A | B | 23 | C | A | C |
| 6 | A | C | A | 15 | B | C | B | 24 | C | B | C |
| 7 | A | A | A | 16 | B | B | B | 25 | C | C | C |
| 8 | A | B | B | 17 | B | A | A | 26 | C | A | A |
| 9 | A | C | C | 18 | B | C | C | 27 | C | B | B |

Some 3-Interval Combinations

| | | |
|----|----|----|
| -2 | 2 | -3 |
| -2 | 3 | 5 |
| -2 | 4 | -5 |
| -2 | 2 | 5 |
| 2 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | 3 | 6 |
| 2 | 3 | -5 |
| 2 | 3 | 5 |
| -3 | 3 | -6 |
| -3 | 3 | 5 |
| -2 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 |
| -2 | 2 | 4 |
| 2 | -3 | 3 |
| -3 | 3 | 4 |

A/-2 B/2 C/-3

493 A20 A15 F25 H17 B13

494 B21 B21 B21 E24 G4

495 A1 B7 C13 D19 E25

496 B2 G5 E10 A22 H24

497 B22 C26 F10 A9 G27

498 F17 G18 H27 E26 C16

499 G18 F19 A12 F20 D9

500 A3 A3 A9 B23 F15

501 C26 H4 F19 D6 B14

502 A7 C11 H8 G16 E19

503 C25 E22 E9 C20 H11

504 A24 A15 F7 B26 D22

57

A/-2 B/3 C/5

505 B1 H20 H2 G1 F1

506 F4 E4 C23 H21 B24

507 F21 A4 F12 E12 D11

508 F2 A13 E5 F18 G2

509 C23 D27 G11 B10 H11

510 A7 C27 A7 C27 C17

511 H19 G20 B13 G21 D10

512 B4 A4 B10 C24 G16

513 D27 A5 G20 E7 C15

514 B8 D12 A9 H17 F20

515 D26 F23 F10 D21 A12

516 B25 B16 G7 E26 F23

A/-2 B/4 C/-5

517 A1 C2 A27 H21 G20

518 G5 F5 D24 E22 B25

519 A27 A5 F13 E13 D12

520 F22 F13 C16 G19 H18

521 A7 D20 G14 G2 E7

522 E12 E7 B22 F3 C22

523 B14 B19 B19 B19 B23

524 F13 F13 F13 B13 B13

525 C17 C17 E26 A17 C23

526 C14 C17 E5 D14 C17

527 G15 F2 E6 G2 H1

528 A13 C17 E15 A27 G27

A/-2 B/2 C/5

529 A26 C23 E4 A5 A23

530 A15 G24 E25 B13 B13

531 F2 A4 E6 C19 E2

532 E11 A4 D10 G23 B19

533 A17 C19 A17 C19 E4

534 A23 C6 E4 A9 C6

535 E15 H10 B24 F2 B23

536 C19 F23 B19 H10 E24

537 G20 D23 F11 E13 F13

538 B21 F24 A24 C23 E11

539 F23 E7 F23 E4 D19

540 C26 C21 H6 B23 E7

A/2 B/4 C/5

541 A26 C23 E4 A5 A23

542 A15 G24 E25 B13 B13

543 F2 A4 E6 C19 F2

544 E11 A4 D10 G23 B19

545 A17 C19 A17 C19 E4

546 A23 C6 E4 A9 C6

547 E15 D10 B24 B2 B23

548 C19 B23 B19 H10 D24

549 G20 D23 F11 E13 B13

550 B21 E24 A24 C23 E11

551 F23 E7 F23 E4 D19

552 C26 C21 H6 B23 E7

61

A/-2 B/3 C/6

553 A27 G19 F15 G1 E27

554 D3 F5 B22 F23 H18

555 E20 A14 B11 E7 B23

556 A26 G10 C1 F4 C19

557 C20 C20 C20 C20

558 G19 G19 G19 C19 C19

559 H14 H14 A27 H14 H14

560 F12 F12 G8 G8 G8

561 B13 A12 D2 A17 G27

562 F3 G2 A17 D3 B15

563 G14 B14 A12 F15 A8

564 D16 D15 A17 F15 G5

Whole Tone

A/2 B/3 C/-5

565 B21 F2 F5 F20 G24

566 B12 B13 B12 B13 F2

567 E8 A19 E8 A19 E8

568 F5 F5 F5 B5 B10

569 B13 B13 B13 B13 B13

570 F24 E8 G2 B20 E13

571 B10 B10 E8 E3 A5

572 F14 F14 F14 F14 F14

573 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26

574 E16 A1 E8 G14 C19

575 A13 E13 G17 C14 G24

576 A23 D6 G24 C18 B10

A/2 B/3 C/5

577 C27 B19 B13 G18 E2

578 H10 E26 B20 G5 E10

579 A4 B4 F4 B13 E4

580 F23 C10 B24 G2 E15

581 D11 B13 D15 C15 F4

582 H15 D24 H15 H27 G24

583 H16 C26 F23 H6 E6

584 E11 A12 E4 A12 E4

585 H20 H20 G27 C26 B20

586 E24 A11 B22 G20 B25

587 D6 A4 E7 D6 A4

588 E12 G23 C18 A15 F22

A/-3 B/3 C/-6

589 H10 F11 G17 E10 H10

590 G20 C19 D11 F12 G20

591 D20 A12 E13 A3 B11

592 H20 B13 A13 E4 B3

593 E8 B19 D26 D10 F12

594 G20 F15 D11 G14 G20

595 F10 G10 D14 D6 E12

596 D5 D15 B14 B12 A8

597 H14 H10 F1 F10 C14

598 F12 F15 D8 B12 B12

599 A19 G14 C11 C17 A9

600 D14 H5 B13 D2 G19

A/-3 B/3 C/5

601 1110 F11 G17 E10 1110

602 G20 C19 D11 F12 G20

603 D20 A12 E13 A3 B11

604 1120 B13 A13 E4 B3

605 E8 B19 D26 D10 F12

606 G26 F15 D11 G14 G20

607 F10 G10 D14 D6 E12

608 D5 D15 B14 B12 A8

609 A14 H10 F1 F10 C14

610 F12 F15 D8 B12 B12

611 A19 G14 C11 C17 A9

612 D14 H5 B13 D2 G19

A/-2 B/-5 C/5

613 A23 E6 H1 F4 E17

614 D24 G6 B26 E5 E5

615 D14 B3 D5 B5 B17

616 F21 A6 H2 F11 F23

617 A14 C1 G24 A7 H15

618 A26 E10 H2 C26 F13

619 C24 G24 B23 E4 E7

620 D20 D2 E7 D20 C16

621 B4 B4 A4 A26 G26

622 G17 G17 G17 G17 C17

623 G25 A7 G25 A7 G25

624 E4 C17 H20 F2 E4

A/-2 B/2 C/3

625 D23 C7 E11 F1 A24

626 G25 F7 G25 C8 E13

627 B21 B21 E17 E17 E17

628 E4 G18 D18 C26 H24

629 F22 C9 B1 G26 A10

630 B11 D2 D6 A22 C9

631 F6 E23 C6 A23 E13

632 F6 A22 H15 E11 B4

633 C23 E5 C19 F6 D23

634 A17 D6 A17 D6 A17

635 E5 E19 E8 F22 A18

636 H23 B4 D6 G26 H23

A/-2 B/2 C/4

637 E26 A22 E4 D2 F23

638 F24 E15 C24 F10 F24

639 B24 A6 G24 D6 B24

640 E11 C20 H22 F9 E11

641 F1 E26 C21 H18 F1

642 F4 C26 H24 B21 C26

643 E26 H19 E7 C21 F4

644 B13 B13 B13 A16 B13

645 E21 A9 D10 C9 F4

646 A15 E19 F1 A5 C20

647 G26 A26 B13 E12 A27

648 F15 H25 D23 A7 D23

69

A/2 B/-3 C/3

649 F21 G18 F2 E2 F22 F21

650 B21 G18 E8 B22 E22

651 A18 C2 F13 A26 E18

652 G2 C18 A8 F22 A18

653 C24 C18 D15 A22 E22

654 G24 C27 A22 F15 B15

655 A24 B24 E16 E14 C24

656 H24 F13 C27 A22 E22

657 A26 G17 C3 E7 C19

658 E20 G20 B14 F11 B10

659 B19 B22 B19 B22 B20

660 F22 E21 D23 C19 E13

A/-3 B/3 C/4

661 F19 C2 A6 F19 C11

662 A26 F20 D24 C3 C6

663 C19 C19 A20 E5 C23

664 H24 F11 B21 F24 D23

665 C19 H6 F11 E5 C20

666 D1 D1 D1 D1 D1

667 D2 E2 H2 H6 D15

668 G27 B5 E8 A21 E8

669 D8 G25 H3 D18 D26

670 H24 A10 H24 B18 D15

671 C9 A12 F22 B11 G27

672 F13 F13 F13 F13 F12

5-Interval Melodies

3 2 Note Directions

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | Q | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ |
| B | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | R | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ |
| C | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | S | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ |
| D | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | T | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ |
| E | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | U | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| F | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | V | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ |
| G | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | W | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ |
| H | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | X | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ |
| I | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | Y | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ |
| J | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | Z | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ |
| K | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | AA | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ |
| L | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | BB | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ |
| M | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | CC | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ |
| N | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | DD | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| O | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↓ | EE | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↑ |
| P | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | FF | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↑ |

Intervallic Permutations

120 Permutations

| | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1 A B C D E | 25 B C D E A | 49 C D E A B | 73 D E A B C | 97 E A B C D |
| 2 A B C E D | 26 B C D A E | 50 C D E B A | 74 D E A C B | 98 E A B D C |
| 3 A B D C E | 27 B C E A D | 51 C D A B E | 75 D E B C A | 99 E A C D B |
| 4 A B D E C | 28 B C E D A | 52 C D A E B | 76 D E B A C | 100 E A C B D |
| 5 A B E C D | 29 B C A D E | 53 C D B A E | 77 D E C A B | 101 E A D B C |
| 6 A B E D C | 30 B C A E D | 54 C D B E A | 78 D E C B A | 102 E A D C B |
| 7 A C D B E | 31 B D E A C | 55 C E A B D | 79 D A B C E | 103 E B C D A |
| 8 A C B E D | 32 B D E C A | 56 C E A D B | 80 D A B E C | 104 E B C A D |
| 9 A C D B E | 33 B D A C E | 57 C E B D A | 81 D A C E B | 105 E B D A C |
| 10 A C D E B | 34 B D A E C | 58 C E B A D | 82 D A C B E | 106 E B D C A |
| 11 A C E B D | 35 B D C A E | 59 C E D A B | 83 D A E B C | 107 E B A C D |
| 12 A C E D B | 36 B D C E A | 60 C E D B A | 84 D A E C B | 108 E B A D C |
| 13 A D C B E | 37 B E A C D | 61 C A B D E | 85 D B C E A | 109 E C D A B |
| 14 A D B E C | 38 B E A D C | 62 C A B E D | 86 D B C A E | 110 E C D B A |
| 15 A D C B E | 39 B E C A D | 63 C A D E B | 87 D B E A C | 111 E C A B D |
| 16 A D C E B | 40 B E C D A | 64 C A D B E | 88 D B E C A | 112 E C A D B |
| 17 A D E B C | 41 B E D A C | 65 C A E B D | 89 D B A C E | 113 E C B D A |
| 18 A D E C B | 42 B E D C A | 66 C A E D B | 90 D B A E C | 114 E C B A D |
| 19 A E B C D | 43 B A C D E | 67 C B D E A | 91 D C E A B | 115 E D A B C |
| 20 A E B D C | 44 B A C E D | 68 C B D A E | 92 D C E B A | 116 E D A C B |
| 21 A E C B D | 45 B A D C E | 69 C B E A D | 93 D C A B E | 117 E D B C A |
| 22 A E C D B | 46 B A D E C | 70 C B E D A | 94 D C A E B | 118 E D B A C |
| 23 A E D B C | 47 B A E C D | 71 C B A D E | 95 D C B E A | 119 E D C A B |
| 24 A E D C B | 48 B A E D C | 72 C B A E D | 96 D C B A E | 120 E D C B A |

Some 5-Interval Combinations

| | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|
| -2 | -3 | 3 | 5 | -6 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | -5 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 3 | 4 |
| -2 | -3 | 3 | -6 | 7 |
| -3 | 3 | 4 | -5 | 5 |
| 2 | -3 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | -5 | -6 |
| 2 | -3 | 4 | -5 | 6 |
| -2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | -6 |
| -2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| -2 | 2 | 4 | -5 | 5 |
| 2 | -3 | 3 | 4 | -5 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 3 | -7 |
| -2 | 2 | -3 | 3 | 7 |

Intervallic Sequences

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/5 E/-6

673 E11 K111 R52 H39

674 E106 E106 E106 S30

675 X103 I111 DD15 P20

676 R66 G95 M94 Y114

677 R72 P70 M113 BB117

678 F120 FF65 R72 P6

679 AA49 Y101 Z33 T77

680 G47 W13 BB55 C88

681 H32 FF99 Z44 EE89

682 U39 BB75 Y120 EE27

683 CC90 CC90 CC90 CC90

684 DD92 DD92 DD92 DD92

Some Sequences

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/4 E/5

B99

K63

685 E88 G33 B99 K63

686 Z101 Z101 Z101 Z101

687 M1 M1 M1 M1

688 J80 J80 J80 J80

689 G113 G113 G113 G113

690 X65 G22 X65 G22

691 CC54 CC54 CC54 CC54

692 G20 G20 G20 G20

693 T57 T57 T57 T57

694 DD78 DD78 DD78 DD78

695 AA28 AA28 AA28 AA28

696 CC48 Y119 CC48 Y119

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/-5 E/5

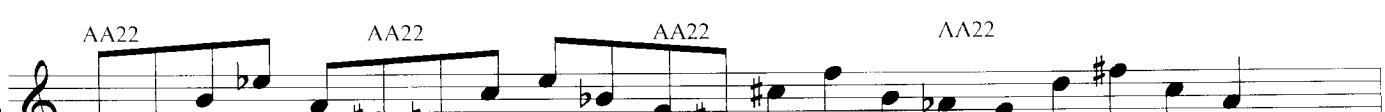
N66 AA39 EE69 T11
697 

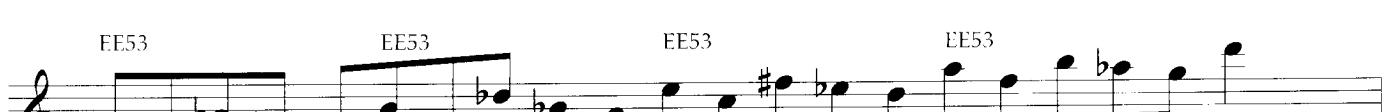
T74 F112 CC120 S10
698 

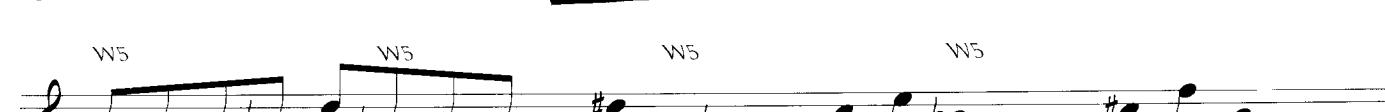
N56 N56 N56 N56
699 

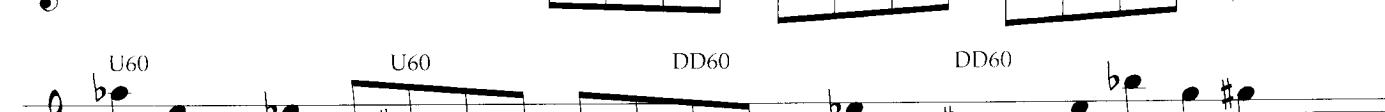
G113 G113 G113 G113
700 

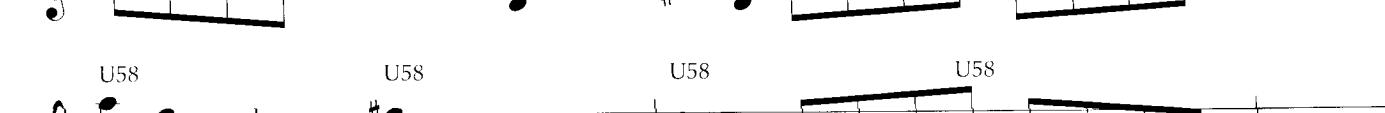
M36 M36 M36 O36
701 

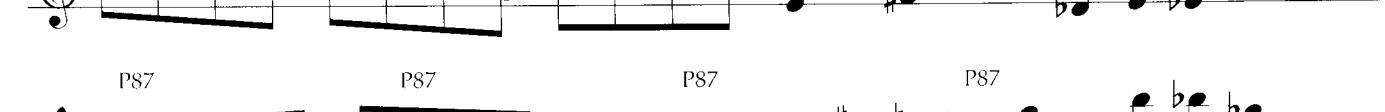
AA22 AA22 AA22 AA22
702 

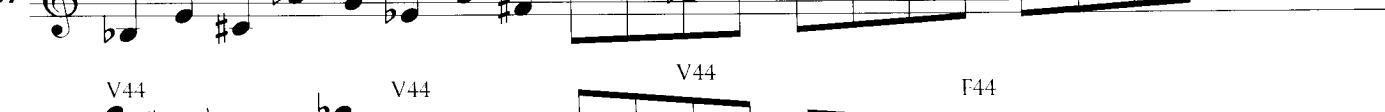
EE53 EE53 EE53 EE53
703 

W5 W5 W5 W5
704 

U60 U60 DD60 DD60
705 

U58 U58 U58 U58
706 

P87 P87 P87 P87
707 

V44 V44 V44 F44
708 

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3 E/4

CC1

CC1

CC1

CC1

709 CC1 CC1 CC1 CC1

710 T109 T109 T109 T109

711 E85 E85 E85 E85

712 S28 S28 S28 S28

713 U118 U118 U118 U118

714 O119 O119 O119 O119

715 EE69 EE69 EE69 EE69

716 D60 D60 D60 D60

717 R1 R1 R1 R1 S1

718 K60 K60 K60 K60

719 C75 C75 C75 C75

720 E3 E3 E3 E3

A/-2 B/-3 C/3 D/-6 E7

721 D60 D60 D60 D60

722 EE38 EE38 EE38 EE38

723 T41 T41 T41 T41

724 EE82 EE82 EE82 EE82

725 E65 E65 E65 E65

726 DD43 DD43 DD43 DD43

727 CC120 CC120 CC120 CC120

728 U49 U49 U49 U49

729 AA75 AA75 AA75 AA75

730 N114 N114 N114 K114

731 G110 G110 G110 G110

732 U6 U6 U6 U6

A/-3 B/3 C/4 D/-5 E/5

E6 E6 E6 E6
733

BB112 E95 BB12 E95
734

S52 S52 S52 S52
735

M34 M34 M34 M34
736

EE41 EE41 EE41 EE41
737

FF57 FF57 FF57 FF57
738

K78 K78 K78 K78
739

AA20 AA20 AA20 AA20
740

DD30 DD30 DD30 DD30
741

O15 O15 O15 O15
742

C107 C107 C107 C107
743

S6 S6 S6 S6
744

A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/4 E/5

AA92 AA92 AA92 AA92

745

DD106 DD106 DD106 DD106

746

M32 M32 M32 M32

747

S5 S5 S5 S5

748

DD38 DD38 DD38 DD38

749

S93 S93 S93 S93

750

AA20 AA20 AA20 AA20

751

FF63 FF63 FF63 FF63

752

O86 O86 O86 O86

753

T56 T56 T56 T56

754

Z77 Z77 Z77 Z77

755

DD44 DD44 DD44 DD44

A/2 B/3 C/4 D/-5 E/-6

757 O43 O43 O43 O43

758 T110 T110 T110 T110

759 E102 E102 E102 E102

760 O31 O31 O31 O31

761 Z118 Z118 Z118 Z118

762 W5 W5 W5 W5

763 W32 W32 W32 W32

764 AA39 AA39 AA39 AA39

765 N36 N36 N36 N36

766 AA106 AA106 AA106 AA106

767 E89 E89 E89 E89

768 G34 G34 G34 G34

A/2 B/-3 C/4 D/-5 E/6

769 E67 E67 E67 E67

770 U99 U99 U99 U99

771 E70 E70 E70 E70

772 Z109 Z109 Z109 Z109

773 N66 N66 N66 N66

774 EE59 EE59 EE59 EE59

775 C90 C90 C90 C90

776 C44 C44 C44 C44

777 FF80 FF80 FF80 FF80

778 P119 P119 P119 P119

779 H92 H92 H92 H92

780 T20 T20 T20 T20

A/-2 D/3 C/4 D/5 E/-6

CC4 CC4 CC4 CC4

781 G32 G32 G32 G32

782 CC1 CC1 CC1 CC1

N81 N81 N81 N81

784 S108 S108 S108 S108

CC33 CC33 CC33 CC33

EE116 EE116 EE116 EE116

U6 U6 U6 U6

N38 N38 N38 N38

S62 S62 S62 S62

J90 J90 J90 J90

S47 S47 S47 S47

781 G32 G32 G32 G32

782 CC1 CC1 CC1 CC1

N81 N81 N81 N81

784 S108 S108 S108 S108

CC33 CC33 CC33 CC33

EE116 EE116 EE116 EE116

U6 U6 U6 U6

N38 N38 N38 N38

S62 S62 S62 S62

J90 J90 J90 J90

S47 S47 S47 S47

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/4 E/5

U109 G40 FF63 P18

793 

P54 P54 P54 P54

794 

W5 W5 W5 W5

795 

P110 P110 P110 P110

796 

E57 X28 II14 W16

797 

U44 X44 CC11 CC24

798 

EE74 DD78 EE74 DD78

799 

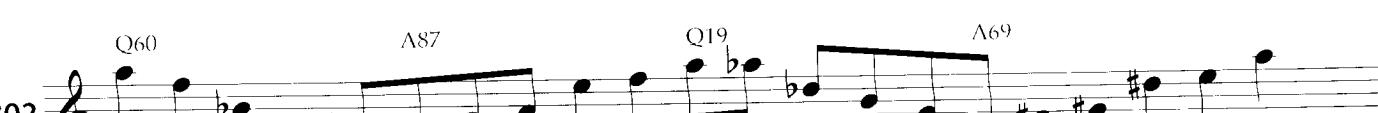
M1 CC1 G22 W22

800 

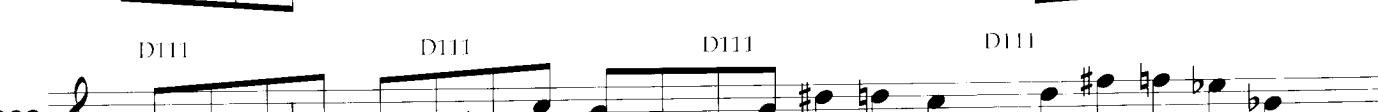
DD56 DD56 DD56 DD56

801 

Q60 A87 Q19 A69

802 

D111 D111 D111 D111

803 

K25 K25 K25 K25

804 

A/-2 B/2 C/4 D/-5 E/5

805 L118 L118 L118 W31

806 K70 K70 K70 K70

807 D96 D96 D96 D96

808 R47 R47 U47 R47

809 K67 J43 J43 J43

810 T68 T68 T68 T68

811 J72 J72 J72 J72

812 W104 W104 O104 O104

813 P78 P78 P78 P78

814 U54 U54 U54 U54

815 K54 K54 K54 K54

816 P120 P120 P120 P120

A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/4 E/-5

M1 M1 M1 M1

817 818 819 820

E25 E25 E25 E25

J97 J97 J97 J97

CC110 A69 R98 II

821 CC54 CC54 CC54 CC54

G55 G112 V2 T119

T9 T9 W9 W9

DD34 DD34 DD34 DD34

R27 T27 T27 R27

M62 M62 M62 M62

E2 E2 E2 E2

T77 V70 DD82 G56

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3 E/-7

829 J117 J117 J117 J117

830 T60 T88 T60 T88

831 M1 V52 M1 V52

832 E84 E84 E84 E84

833 U66 U66 U66 U66

834 J96 J96 J96 Q94

835 DD119 DD119 DD119 DD119

836 E67 E67 E67 E67

837 N30 N30 N30 N30

838 EE22 EE22 EE22 EE22

839 T38 T38 T38 T38

840 E4 E4 CC64 H78

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3 E/7

J117 J117 J117 J117

841 G clef 5-line staff: J117, J117, J117, J117

T60 T88 T60 T88

842 G clef 5-line staff: T60, T88, T60, T88

M1 U52 M1 U52

843 G clef 5-line staff: M1, U52, M1, U52

E84 E84 E84 E84

844 G clef 5-line staff: E84, E84, E84, E84

U66 U66 U66 U66

845 G clef 5-line staff: U66, U66, U66, U66

J96 J96 196 R96

846 G clef 5-line staff: J96, J96, 196, R96

DD119 DD119 DD119 DD119

847 G clef 5-line staff: DD119, DD119, DD119, DD119

E67 E67 E67 E67

848 G clef 5-line staff: E67, E67, E67, E67

N30 N30 N30 N30

849 G clef 5-line staff: N30, N30, N30, N30

EE22 EE22 U22 EE22

850 G clef 5-line staff: EE22, EE22, U22, EE22

T38 T38 T38 FF38

851 G clef 5-line staff: T38, T38, T38, FF38

E4 E4 CC64 H78

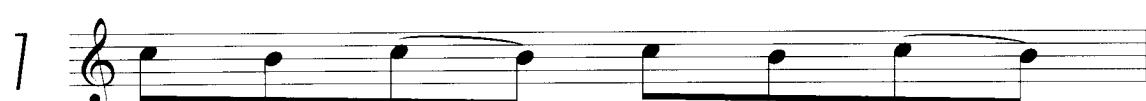
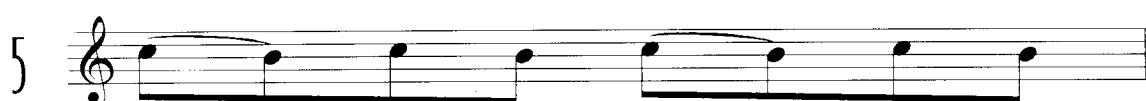
852 G clef 5-line staff: E4, E4, CC64, H78

Suggested Articulations

Try the following articulations to all of the Intervallic Melodies in this book and to the Intervallic Warm-Ups on pages 93-98.

Empfohlene Artikulationen

Probieren Sie die folgenden Artikulationen zu allen Intervallmelodien in diesem Buch und zu den Warm-Ups auf den Seiten 93-98.



A musical staff in treble clef with four measures. Measure 9: A dotted half note followed by a eighth note on the first line, a quarter note on the second line, another eighth note on the first line, and a quarter note on the second line. Measure 10: A dotted half note followed by a eighth note on the first line, a quarter note on the second line, another eighth note on the first line, and a quarter note on the second line. Measure 11: A dotted half note followed by a eighth note on the first line, a quarter note on the second line, another eighth note on the first line, and a quarter note on the second line. Measure 12: A dotted half note followed by a eighth note on the first line, a quarter note on the second line, another eighth note on the first line, and a quarter note on the second line.

A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 10 begins with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. Measure 11 begins with a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note.

A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The left staff uses a treble clef and the right staff uses a bass clef. Measure 11 starts with a half note in the bass staff followed by a whole note in the treble staff. Measure 12 begins with a half note in the bass staff, followed by a whole note in the treble staff, and concludes with a half note in the bass staff.

A musical score for piano, showing two staves. The left staff uses a treble clef and the right staff uses a bass clef. Measure 12 starts with a quarter note in the bass staff followed by eighth notes in the treble staff. Measure 13 begins with a half note in the bass staff, followed by eighth notes in the treble staff.

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It contains five measures of music.

A musical score for piano, page 14, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. Measure 1 consists of six eighth notes on the treble staff and six eighth notes on the bass staff. Measure 2 begins with a half note on the treble staff followed by a half note on the bass staff. Measures 3 and 4 show a continuation of the melodic line across both staves.

A musical score for piano, showing two measures of music. The key signature is A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 15 starts with a half note G4 followed by eighth notes F#4, E4, D4, C4, B3, A3, G3, F#3, E3, D3, C3, B2, A2, G2, F#2, E2, D2, C2. Measure 16 starts with a half note G3 followed by eighth notes F#3, E3, D3, C3, B2, A2, G2, F#2, E2, D2, C2, B1, A1, G1, F#1, E1, D1, C1.

Random Tonguing / Beliebige Akzentuierung

A blank musical staff consisting of five horizontal lines. A treble clef is positioned at the top left. To its right, the number '16' is written vertically. The staff ends with a vertical bar line on the far right.

Intervallic Warm-Ups

The following lines have a two-octave range. This was written just for convenience. The range should be expanded to the needs and ability of the instrumentalist.

Intervall-Einspielübungen

Damit die folgenden Einspielübungen für viele Instrumente in einer bequemen Lage sind, verwenden sie einen Tonumfang von nur zwei Oktaven. Sie sollten sie dem Tonumfang Ihres Instruments und Ihren Fähigkeiten anpassen.

The musical score consists of ten staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The music is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with occasional quarter notes. Key signatures change frequently, indicated by sharp (#) and flat (b) symbols placed before the clef. The first few staves show a sequence of eighth-note patterns with sharps. The subsequent staves introduce sixteenth-note patterns and flats. The final staves return to eighth-note patterns with sharps.

A page of musical notation consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by a 'C') and uses a treble clef. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, and white) and stems, with some stems pointing up and others down. Sharp (♯) and flat (♭) accidentals are used to indicate key changes. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.



A page of musical notation consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by a 'C') and uses a treble clef. The key signature changes frequently, starting with one sharp, then alternating between one flat and one sharp across the staves. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, and white), stems, and accidentals (sharps, flats, and naturals). The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns, with some sixteenth-note figures and occasional quarter notes. The first staff begins with a solid black eighth note. The second staff begins with a hollow black eighth note. The third staff begins with a solid black eighth note. The fourth staff begins with a hollow black eighth note. The fifth staff begins with a solid black eighth note. The sixth staff begins with a hollow black eighth note. The seventh staff begins with a solid black eighth note. The eighth staff begins with a hollow black eighth note. The ninth staff begins with a solid black eighth note. The tenth staff begins with a hollow black eighth note.

A page of musical notation consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in common time (indicated by a 'C') and uses a treble clef. The key signature changes frequently, starting with one sharp, then alternating between two flats and one sharp throughout the piece. The notation includes various note heads (circles, squares, diamonds) and stems, with some stems pointing up and others down. There are also several rests and a few fermatas (dots above notes). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Suggested Rhythms

One-Bar Rhythms

A musical staff starting with a treble clef, followed by a common time signature (a '4' over a '4'). The melody consists of six notes: a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, a quarter note, another quarter note, and a half note.

A musical staff with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a melodic line consisting of a quarter note, a eighth note, a quarter note, a eighth note, and a quarter note.

A musical score showing two measures. The key signature is one sharp (F#). Measure 1 starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note tied to another eighth note. Measure 2 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note.

A musical score showing the beginning of a piece. It features a treble clef, a common time signature (indicated by a '4'), and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note, then a series of eighth notes and sixteenth notes.

A musical staff with a treble clef, a '4' indicating common time, and a single measure consisting of four eighth notes followed by a fermata and a half note.

A musical staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a 4/4 time signature. A brace groups the first two measures. The first measure contains two eighth notes. The second measure contains three eighth notes, with the third note being slightly longer than the others.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a '4' over a vertical bar) featuring a treble clef. The staff contains four measures of music. Measure 1 starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note. Measure 2 starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note. Measure 3 starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note. Measure 4 starts with a quarter note followed by a eighth note.

A musical staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a common time signature (indicated by a '4' over a '4'). A bass note (F) is shown with a vertical stem and a horizontal bar. The next measure consists of three eighth notes: the first is solid black, the second has a diagonal slash through it, and the third has a diagonal line through its top half.

A musical staff starting with a treble clef, followed by a 4/4 time signature. The first note is an eighth note.

Empfohlene Rhythmen

Eintaktige Rhythmen

A musical staff in treble clef. It starts with a quarter note. Following a short vertical line, there is a eighth note, a sixteenth note, a sixteenth note, a sixteenth note, and a sixteenth note.

A musical staff with a treble clef at the beginning. It features a single vertical bar line followed by a quarter note. After a short gap, there is a series of six eighth notes grouped together by a vertical bar line.

A musical staff in G clef, 4/4 time, featuring four measures of music. The notes include a quarter note, a dotted half note, a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note, and a eighth note followed by a sixteenth note.

A musical score showing the beginning of a piece. It features a treble clef, a common time signature (indicated by a '4'), and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody starts with a quarter note followed by a dotted half note. This is followed by a eighth note, a sixteenth note, another eighth note, and a sixteenth note. The sixteenth notes are grouped together under a single vertical bar line.

A musical staff with a treble clef, a 4/4 time signature, and a single eighth note.

A musical staff begins with a treble clef. The time signature is common time (indicated by a '4'). A bass note (F) is shown with a vertical stem pointing down. This is followed by a vertical bar line and a short horizontal dash, indicating a rest or a continuation of the previous note.

A musical staff in G clef and common time. The first measure contains four notes: a quarter note followed by three eighth notes. The second measure begins with a half note, followed by a quarter note, another half note, and a final quarter note.

A musical staff with a treble clef, a common time signature (indicated by a '4' over a '4'), and a melodic line consisting of eighth notes and quarter notes.

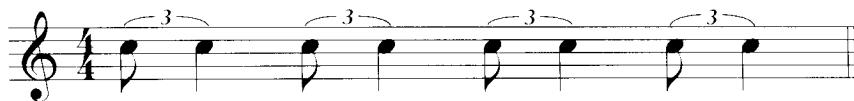
Two-Bar Rhythms

Zweitaktige Rhythmen

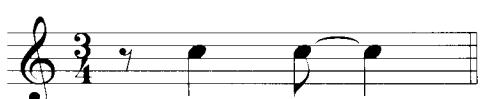
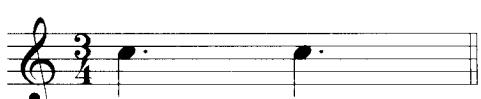
The image displays a musical score for a single instrument, arranged across ten staves. Each staff begins with a bass note (F#) followed by a dynamic (pp) and a measure of eighth-note pairs. The subsequent measures consist of eighth-note patterns starting with a bass note, followed by eighth-note pairs, and then eighth-note groups. The music is in common time (4/4).

Some Triplet Rhythms

Einige Triolen-Rhythmen



3/4 Rhythms



or

5/4 Rhythms



Try playing 3/4 rhythms over 4/4 (see page 66 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").
Try playing 5/4 rhythms over 4/4 (see page 72 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").

Probieren Sie 3/4 Rhythmen über 4/4 (siehe S. 66 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").
Probieren Sie 5/4 Rhythmen über 4/4 (siehe S. 72 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").

7/4 Rhythms



Try playing 7/4 rhythms over 4/4 (see pages 74-75 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").

Probieren Sie 7/4 Rhythmen über 4/4 (siehe S. 74-75 in Vol. 4 "Melodic Rhythms").

Polyrhythms

The image displays nine staves of music, each in common time (indicated by a '4' in the top right corner) and using a treble clef. Each staff consists of five horizontal lines and four spaces. The patterns involve various note heads and rests, with specific groups of notes highlighted by brackets and numerical labels indicating their count. The patterns include:

- Staff 1: A single note followed by a bracket above the next four notes labeled '5'.
- Staff 2: Two groups of two notes each, with brackets above each group labeled '5'.
- Staff 3: Three groups of three notes each, with a bracket above the first group labeled '9'.
- Staff 4: Two groups of four notes each, with brackets above each group labeled '7'.
- Staff 5: Four groups of two notes each, with brackets above each group labeled '5'.
- Staff 6: Two groups of three notes each, followed by a group of seven notes, with brackets above each group labeled '5'.
- Staff 7: Two groups of three notes each, followed by a group of seven notes, with brackets above each group labeled '3'.
- Staff 8: A sequence of notes with brackets above them labeled '5', '5', '5', and a final bar line.
- Staff 9: A sequence of notes with brackets above them labeled '5', '5', '5', and a final bar line.

Retrogrades
Retrogrades

Krebs
Krebs

The following lines are the same as the original Intervallic Melodies, but transposed a half-step higher, plus retrograde.

Bei den folgenden Linien handelt es sich um dieselben 852 Intervallmelodien, allerdings um einen Halbton nach oben transponiert und anschließend im Krebs notiert.

A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3

Same as Intervallic Melody No. 1, transposed a half-step higher.

Retrograde



Same as Intervallic Melody No. 2, transposed a half-step higher.

Retrograde



etc.



865

866

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A/-3 B/3 C/4 D/-5

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The musical score consists of twelve staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The notes are represented by solid black stems, hollow white stems, and stems with diagonal shading. The first measure (877) starts with a solid black eighth note followed by a hollow white eighth note. The second measure (878) begins with a solid black eighth note. The third measure (879) starts with a hollow white eighth note. The fourth measure (880) starts with a solid black eighth note. The fifth measure (881) starts with a hollow white eighth note. The sixth measure (882) starts with a solid black eighth note. The seventh measure (883) starts with a hollow white eighth note. The eighth measure (884) starts with a solid black eighth note. The ninth measure (885) starts with a hollow white eighth note. The tenth measure (886) starts with a solid black eighth note. The eleventh measure (887) starts with a hollow white eighth note. The twelfth measure (888) starts with a solid black eighth note.

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A/-2 B/3 C/-5 D/5

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U10

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A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/-5

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A/-2 B/-3 C/-5 D/5

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A/-2 B/-3 C/4 D/5

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996

The music consists of 12 staves of sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 985 begins with a descending eighth-note pattern. Staff 986 features a pattern with grace notes and slurs. Staff 987 shows a more complex pattern with grace notes and slurs. Staff 988 continues with a similar pattern. Staff 989 introduces a new pattern with grace notes and slurs. Staff 990 and 991 show further variations. Staff 992 and 993 continue the patterns. Staff 994 concludes the section. Staff 995 and 996 provide the ending.

A/-2 B/3 C/4 D/-5

997

998

999

1000

1001

1002

1003

1004

1005

1006

1007

1008

The sheet music consists of 12 staves of musical notation for a solo instrument, likely guitar. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature. The music is primarily composed of sixteenth-note patterns. Above the staff numbers, there is a header with four time signatures: A/-2, B/3, C/4, and D/-5. The staves are numbered sequentially from 997 to 1008.

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A/-2 B/3 C/5 D/-6

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The musical score consists of ten staves of sixteenth-note patterns. The first staff (1033) starts with a B-flat note. Staff 1034 begins with a sharp note. Staff 1035 starts with a flat note. Staff 1036 starts with a sharp note. Staff 1037 starts with a flat note. Staff 1038 starts with a flat note. Staff 1039 starts with a flat note. Staff 1040 starts with a flat note. Staff 1041 starts with a sharp note. Staff 1042 starts with a flat note. Staff 1043 starts with a flat note. Staff 1044 starts with a flat note.

A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/-5

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A/-2 B/2 C/-5 D/5

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A/-2 B/2 C/4 D/5

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1080

This page contains ten staves of musical notation, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The staves are numbered 1069 through 1080. The notation is primarily composed of sixteenth-note patterns, though eighth and quarter notes also appear. Accidentals (flats and sharps) are used throughout the piece. The first few staves (1069-1073) are in a key with mostly flats, while later staves (1074-1080) transition to a key with mostly sharps. The tempo markings at the top of the page provide a reference for the performance speed.

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A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/4

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1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

The musical score consists of twelve staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The music is composed of eighth-note patterns. Above the first staff, the key signature is given as A/-2, B/2, C/-3, and D/4. The music is numbered sequentially from 1093 to 1104. The notation includes various accidentals such as sharps (#), flats (b), and naturals (n). The patterns are mostly eighth-note groups, with some sixteenth-note figures and occasional quarter notes.

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A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/-7

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The music is composed of continuous eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The key signatures change frequently, indicated by the numbers above the staff: A/2, B/-3, C/3, and D/-7. The notes are primarily on the A, C, E, G, B, and D lines of the staff. The notation is continuous across the staves, suggesting a single, long melodic line.

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A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/7

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A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/-9

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The musical score consists of twelve staves of sixteenth-note patterns. The first staff (1285) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff (1286) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff (1287) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff (1288) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff (1289) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff (1290) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The seventh staff (1291) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eighth staff (1292) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The ninth staff (1293) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tenth staff (1294) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The eleventh staff (1295) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The twelfth staff (1296) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp.

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A/-2 B/2 C/3 D/4

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A/-2 B/3 C/6

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The musical score consists of twelve staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The key signature is indicated by a boxed set of letters: A/-2, B/3, and C/6. The music is composed of eighth-note patterns, with some notes having stems and others being open circles. The notes are grouped by vertical bar lines. The staves are numbered sequentially from 1405 to 1416.

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A/-3 B/3 C/5

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The music is composed of twelve staves of eight measures each. The key signature changes from one sharp (F#) to one flat (B-flat) across the staves. The time signature is mostly common time (indicated by 'C'). The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow white, and cross-hatched), indicating different pitch levels or performance techniques.

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A/2 B/-3 C/3 D/4 E/-5

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The musical score consists of ten staves of music, each starting with a treble clef and a common time signature. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals) applied to specific notes. The first staff (1669) begins with a sequence of eighth notes followed by sixteenth notes. Subsequent staves continue this pattern, with some staves featuring more complex note groupings and accidentals. The overall style is characteristic of Baroque keyboard music.

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| A/-2 B/2 C/-3 D/3 E/7 |

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1702

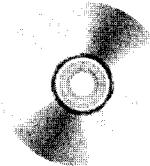
1703

1704

The musical score consists of twelve staves of sixteenth-note patterns. Staff 1693 starts with a bass note followed by a series of eighth-note pairs. Staff 1694 features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Staff 1695 has a prominent eighth-note bass line. Staff 1696 includes a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1697 shows a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1698 features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Staff 1699 has a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1700 includes a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1701 shows a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1702 features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Staff 1703 has a bass line with eighth-note pairs. Staff 1704 includes a bass line with eighth-note pairs.

Play-Along Tunes

Track List



TRACK

- 1 Tuning Notes (A Concert) / Stimmtöne
- 2 Tuning Notes (B♭ Concert) / Stimmtöne
- 3 C Vamp
- 4 C♯ Vamp
- 5 D Vamp
- 6 E♭ Vamp
- 7 E Vamp
- 8 F Vamp
- 9 F♯ Vamp
- 10 G Vamp

Play-Along Tunes

| | C INSTRUMENTS | B♭ INSTRUMENTS | E♭ INSTRUMENTS | BASS CLEF INSTR. |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| 11 <i>No Holds Barred</i> | 178 | 191 | 204 | 217 |
| 12 <i>You Mentioned it Too</i> | 178 | 191 | 204 | 217 |
| 13 <i>Confrontation</i> | 179 | 192 | 205 | 218 |
| 14 <i>It's the Same</i> | 179 | 192 | 205 | 218 |
| 15 <i>Off the Trail</i> | 180 | 193 | 206 | 219 |
| 16 <i>Czarology</i> | 180 | 193 | 206 | 219 |
| 17 <i>Left Off Memory</i> | 181 | 194 | 207 | 220 |
| 18 <i>In It</i> | 181 | 194 | 207 | 220 |
| 19 <i>Everywhere</i> | 182 | 195 | 208 | 221 |
| 20 <i>Small Pleasures</i> | 183 | 196 | 209 | 222 |
| 21 <i>Repeato-vonce</i> | 184 | 197 | 210 | 223 |
| 22 <i>Ryvim with Ding</i> | 185 | 198 | 211 | 224 |
| 23 <i>Stumbling</i> | 186 | 199 | 212 | 225 |
| 24 <i>High Tops</i> | 187 | 200 | 213 | 226 |
| 25 <i>Let's Pretend</i> | 188 | 201 | 214 | 227 |
| 26 <i>Sour But Lovely</i> | 188 | 201 | 214 | 227 |
| 27 <i>Fool Hardy</i> | 189 | 202 | 215 | 228 |
| 28 <i>New in the Neighborhood</i> | 190 | 203 | 216 | 229 |
| 29 <i>Seventh Ray</i> | 190 | 203 | 216 | 229 |

No Holds Barred

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music for 'No Holds Barred' consists of three staves of musical notation. The first staff starts with a B♭7 chord. The second staff starts with an E♭7 chord. The third staff starts with a C-7 chord. Chords labeled above the notes include B♭7, E♭7, A♭7, B♭7, G7, C7, F7, B♭6⁹, G7, C7, and F7.

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You Mention It Too

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music for 'You Mention It Too' consists of six staves of musical notation. The first staff starts with a D7⁹ chord. The second staff starts with a G-7 chord. The third staff starts with a C7⁹ chord. The fourth staff starts with an FΔ chord. The fifth staff starts with a D7⁹ chord. The sixth staff starts with a G-7 chord. Chords labeled above the notes include D7⁹, G-7, C7⁹, FΔ, D7⁹, G-7/F, E⁰, A7⁹, D-7, D-7/C, B⁰, E7⁹, AΔ, B-7, E7, AΔ, A-7, D7, 2. A-7, D7, G-7, C7, FΔ, A-7, and D7.

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Confrontation

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of two staves of musical notation. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. It features a series of chords: A♭Δ, G°, C7♭9, F-7, B♭7, E♭-7, and A♭7. The bottom staff follows a similar pattern with chords: D♭7, C°, F7♭9, B♭7♭9♭13, B♭-7, E♭7, and E♭-7. The lyrics "Confrontation" are written below the notes. The music continues with more chords and lyrics, including A♭Δ, G°, C7♭9, F-7, B♭7, E♭-7, A♭7, D♭7, C°, F7♭9, B♭-7, E♭7, and A♭Δ.

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It's the Same

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of three staves of musical notation. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. It features a series of chords: C7, F7, B♭7, C6⁹, A7sus, and A7sus. The middle staff follows a similar pattern with chords: G7, C6⁹, A7♭9, D-7, and G7. The bottom staff concludes the piece with chords: A♭7sus, G7, C6⁹, A7♭9, D-7, and G7. The lyrics "It's the Same" are written below the notes.

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Off the Trail

Jerry Bergonzi

E♭Δ

C7 F-7 B♭7 F♯-7

B7 F♯-7 B7 F-7

B♭7 E♭Δ F-7 B♭7 b9 b13

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Czarology

Jerry Bergonzi

Improvise free with -3, 3, and -6 as motif. Form: 1st line played twice as head; each line played 3 times.
Freie Improvisation mit -3, 3 und -6 als Motiv: Form: 1. Linie 2x als Head; dann jede Linie 3x.

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Left of Memory

Jerry Bergonzi

The music is in 4/4 time. The first staff starts with a G- chord. The second staff starts with an F-7 chord. The third staff starts with a 1. A⁰ chord. The fourth staff starts with an E-7 chord. The fifth staff starts with a 2. C-7 chord. The sixth staff starts with a C⁷ chord.

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In It

Jerry Bergonzi

The music is in 4/4 time. The first staff starts with a C-7 chord. The second staff starts with an F-7 chord. The third staff starts with a C-7 alt chord. The fourth staff starts with a C-7 chord. The fifth staff starts with an A♭7 chord.

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Everywhere

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation, likely for a concert band or orchestra. The music is in 4/4 time and features various chords and melodic lines. The chords labeled include:

- Stave 1: GΔ, B♭-7, E♭7, A-7, A-7/G, F♯⁰, B7♭⁹
- Stave 2: E-7, A-7, B-7, E7♭⁹
- Stave 3: A-7, F7♯¹¹, B-7, E7♭⁹
- Stave 4: A-7, D7♭⁹, GΔ, 1. A-7, D7 | 2. F-7, B7
- Stave 5: E♭Δ, C7♭⁹, F-7, B7
- Stave 6: E♭Δ, B7, F-7, B♭7
- Stave 7: E♭Δ, A-7, D7, G-7, C7
- Stave 8: A-7, D7, B♭-7, E♭7, A-7, D7
- Stave 9: GΔ, B♭-7, E♭7, A-7, A-7/G, F♯⁰, B7♭⁹
- Stave 10: E-7, A-7, B-7, E7♭⁹
- Stave 11: A-7, F7♯¹¹, B-7, E7♭⁹
- Stave 12: A-7, D7♭⁹, GΔ, A-7, D7

Small Pleasures

Jerry Bergonzi

FΔ Eb⁷#11 A° D7b9b13 Jerry Bergonzi

G-7 B^b-Δ Eb⁷#11

FΔ D-7 1. G-7 C7

E° A7^{b9} D-7 G-7 C7

2. B-7 E7 alt. A-7 D-7 G-7 C7

FΔ Bb-7 Eb7 AbΔ Gb7#11

C° F7b9b13 Bb-7

Db-Δ Gb7#11 AbΔ F-7

1. Bb-7 Eb7 G° C7^{b9} F-7

Bb-7 Eb7 2. D-7 G-7 alt.

C-7 F-7 Bb-7 Eb7 AbΔ G-7 C7 to top

Repeato-vonce

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music contains eight staves of musical notation for concert instruments. The staves are labeled with chords:

- Staff 1: C7sus
- Staff 2: A♭7sus
- Staff 3: C7sus
- Staff 4: A♭7sus
- Staff 5: E7sus
- Staff 6: E♭7sus
- Staff 7: B7sus
- Staff 8: A♭7sus

The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various rests and dynamic markings. The notation is in 4/4 time.

Ryvim with Ding

Jerry Bergonzi

The music consists of six staves of musical notation for a concert instrument. The first staff is in B-flat major, indicated by a key signature of one flat. The second staff begins with a B-flat 7 chord. The third staff starts with a C7 chord. The fourth staff begins with a D7 chord. The fifth staff begins with a C7 chord. The sixth staff begins with a B-flat 7 chord.

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Stumbling

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of four staves of musical notation. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth is in bass clef. Chords indicated above the staves are F-7, G-7, C7, F-7, C-7, F7, Bb-7, Eb7, Ab7, Db7, F#7, B7, G-7, and C7.

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Bass line for Stumbling

The sheet music consists of four staves of musical notation for a bass instrument. The bass line follows the chords F-7, G-7, C7, F-7, C-7, F7, Bb-7, Eb7, Ab7, Db7, F#7, B7, G-7, and C7.

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High Tops

Jerry Bergonzi

C CONCERT INSTRUMENTS

Let's Pretend

Jerry Bergonzi

A musical score for a single melodic line across six staves. The first two staves are identical, labeled 'F7sus' above the staff. The third staff is labeled 'D♭7sus'. The fourth staff is labeled 'F7sus'. The fifth staff is labeled 'A7sus'. The sixth staff is labeled 'B7sus' above the staff and 'C7sus' below the staff. The music consists of eighth-note patterns and rests.

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Sour But Lovely

Jerry Bergonzi

Jerry Bergonzi

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Fool Hardy

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for a concert instrument, likely a woodwind or brass. The music is in 4/4 time and features various chords and harmonic progressions. The chords labeled include:

- Staff 1: B♭Δ, G7, C-7, C-7/B♭, A7sus
- Staff 2: D-7, G7sus, G7, 1. C-7, F7**9**
- Staff 3: B♭Δ, F-7, B♭7, E♭Δ, A°, D7**9**
- Staff 4: G-7, (D7), (G-7) _{C7}, (C7), C-7, (G7), (C-7) _{F7}, (F7)
- Staff 5: 2. C-7, C-7/B♭, A°, D7**9**, G-7, E♭-7, A♭7
- Staff 6: B♭Δ, A♭7, G7, C-7, F7
- Staff 7: B♭, G-7, G♭Δ, F7

The lyrics "Fool Hardy" appear above the first staff, and "I'm a fool" appears above the eighth staff.

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New in the Neighborhood

Jerry Bergonzi

(No A section chords. Improvise off bass line.)

A section bass line

7th Ray

Jerry Bergonzi

(bass line and melody)

No Holds Barred

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of three staves of musical notation for B♭ instruments. The first staff begins with a C7 chord, followed by an F7 chord. The second staff begins with an F7 chord, followed by a B♭7 chord. The third staff begins with a D-7 chord, followed by a G7 chord. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of jazz or blues-style music.

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You Mention it Too

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of eight staves of musical notation for B♭ instruments. The first four staves begin with chords: A-7, D7, GΔ, E7^{b9}, A-7, D7^{b9}, GΔ, and E7^{b9}. The fifth staff begins with A-7, followed by A-7/G, F♯⁰, B7^{b5}, E-7, E-7/D, C♯⁰, and F♯7^{b9}. The sixth staff begins with BΔ, followed by C♯-7, F♯7, BΔ, B-7, and E7. The seventh staff begins with B-7, followed by E7, A-7, D7, GΔ, B-7, and E7. The eighth staff begins with B-7, followed by E7, A-7, D7, GΔ, B-7, and E7.

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B♭ INSTRUMENTS

Confrontation

Jerry Bergonzi

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It's the Same

Jerry Bergonzi

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Off the Trail

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of four staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The first staff begins with a melodic line starting at FΔ. The second staff features a harmonic progression with chords D7, G-7, C7, and G#-7. The third staff continues with chords C#7, G#-7, C#7, G-7, and concludes with C7 b9 b13. The fourth staff ends with C7 b9 b13.

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Czarology

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of three staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The first staff shows a continuous line of eighth-note patterns. The second staff shows a similar pattern with some eighth-note pairs. The third staff shows a continuation of the eighth-note patterns from the previous staves.

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Left of Memory

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The chords indicated are A-, B°, E7^{b9}^{b13}, A-, G-7, C7, FΔ, 1. B°, E7^{b9}, A-7, G-7, F#-7, B7, B°, E7^{b9}, 2. D-7, G-7, CΔ, B°, E7^{b9}, A-, D7, G7, CΔ, B°, E7^{b9}^{b13}.

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In It

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The chords indicated are D-7, D7 alt, G-7, D-7, Bb7, A7^{b9}^{b13}, D-7, E°, A7^{b9}^{b13}.

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Everywhere

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for a single instrument, likely piano or guitar. The music is in 4/4 time and features various chords and progressions. The chords include AΔ, C-7, F7, B-7, B-7/A, G♯°, C♯7b9, F♯7-7, B-7, C♯-7, F♯7b9, B-7, G7#11, C♯-7, F♯7b9, B-7, E7b9, AΔ, 1. B-7, E7, 2. G-7, C7, FΔ, D7b9, G-7, C7, FΔ, C♯7, G-7, C7, FΔ, B-7, E7, A-7, D7, B-7, E7, C-7, F7, B-7, E7, AΔ, C-7, F7, B-7, B-7/A, G♯°, C♯7b9, F♯7-7, B-7, C♯-7, F♯7b9, B-7, G7#11, C♯-7, F♯7b9, B-7, E7b9, AΔ, B-7, E7.

Small Pleasures

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The chords and measures are as follows:

- Staff 1: GΔ, F7#11, B°, E7b9b13
- Staff 2: A-7, C-Δ, F7#11
- Staff 3: GΔ, E-7, 1. A-7, D7
- Staff 4: F#°, B7b9, E-7, A-7, D7
- Staff 5: 2. C#-7, F#7 alt., B-7, E-7, A-7, D7
- Staff 6: GΔ, C-7, F7, BbΔ, Ab7#11
- Staff 7: D°, G7b9b13, C-7
- Staff 8: Eb-Δ, Ab7#11, BbΔ, G-7
- Staff 9: 1. C-7, F7, A°, D7b9, G-7
- Staff 10: C-7, F7, 2. E-7, A7 alt.
- Staff 11: D-7, G-7, C-7, F7, BbΔ, A-7, D7, to top

Repeato-vonce

Jerry Bergonzi

D⁷sus

B♭⁷sus

D⁷sus

B♭⁷sus

F♯⁷sus

F⁷sus

C♯⁷sus

B♭⁷sus

Ryvim with Ding

Jerry Bergonzi

Musical staff showing a melodic line with various chords labeled above the notes: C, A7, D-7, G7, C, A7, D-7, G7.

Musical staff showing a melodic line with chords labeled: C, C7, F, B \flat 7, followed by a bracketed section labeled 1. C, D-7, G7, and 2. C, G7, C.

Musical staff showing a melodic line with chords labeled E7 and A7.

Musical staff showing a melodic line with chords labeled D7 and G7.

Musical staff showing a melodic line with various chords labeled: C, A7, D-7, G7, C, A7, D-7, G7.

Musical staff showing a melodic line with chords labeled: C, C7, F, B \flat 7, followed by a bracketed section labeled C, G7, C.

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Stumbling

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of four staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The first staff begins with a G-7 chord, followed by an A-7 chord and a D7 chord. The second staff begins with a G-7 chord, followed by a D-7 chord and a G7 chord. The third staff begins with a C-7 chord, followed by an F7 chord, a B-flat-7 chord, and an E-flat7 chord. The fourth staff begins with a G-sharp-7 chord, followed by a C-sharp-7 chord, an A-7 chord, and a D7 chord.

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Bass line for Stumbling

The bass line sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation. The first staff begins with an F7 chord, followed by a G-7 chord and a C7 chord. The second staff begins with an F7 chord, followed by a C-7 chord and an F7 chord. The third staff begins with a B-flat-7 chord, followed by an E-flat7 chord, an A-flat7 chord, and a D-flat7 chord. The fourth staff begins with an F-sharp-7 chord, followed by a B7 chord, a G-7 chord, and a C7 chord.

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B) INSTRUMENTS

High Tops

Jerry Bergonzi

Jerry Bergonzi

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

B°

E7^⁹

C-7

F7

C-7

F7

B-7 E7

1. B-7 E7

2. G

BbΔ

Eb7

FΔ

Bb-7

Eb7

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

B-7

E7^⁹

C-7

F7

B°

E7^⁹

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

A-7

D7

G

B-7 E7

B♭ INSTRUMENTS

Let's Pretend

Jerry Bergonzi

The first staff starts with G7sus. The second staff starts with Eb7sus. The third staff starts with B7sus, followed by C#7sus, and then D7sus.

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Sour But Lovely

Jerry Bergonzi

The chords labeled in the music are: A-7, D7, A-7, D7; G7, C7, D6⁹, A7, D6⁹; G-7, C7, DΔ; B♭-7, E♭7, FΔ, F-7, B♭7, E-7, A7; A-7, D7, A-7, D7; G7, C7, D6⁹, A7, D6⁹.

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Fool Hardy

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for B-flat instruments. The chords labeled across the staves include:

- Staff 1: CΔ, A7, D-7, D-7/C, B7sus
- Staff 2: E-7, A7sus, A7, 1. D-7, G7^{b9}
- Staff 3: CΔ, G-7, C7, FΔ, B°, E7^{b9}
- Staff 4: A-7, (E7), (A-7) D7, (D7), D-7, (A7), (D-7) G7, (G7)
- Staff 5: 2. D-7, D-7/C, B°, E7^{b9}, A-7, F-7, Bb7
- Staff 6: CΔ, Bb7, A7, D-7, G7
- Staff 7: C, A-7, AbΔ, G7

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New in the Neighborhood

Jerry Bergonzi

(No A section chords. Improvise off bass line.)

4/4

B⁰ E7⁹ A⁻

D-7 G7 CΔ

A section bass line

7th Ray

(bass line and melody)

Use 4, -5, 5, -6 as intervallic motif.

Jerry Bergonzi

No Holds Barred

The sheet music for "No Holds Barred" features three staves of musical notation for E♭ instruments. The chords indicated are G7, C7, G7, C7, F7, G7, E7, A7, D7, A-7, D7, and G6⁹. The music is written in 4/4 time.

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You Mention it Too

The sheet music for "You Mention it Too" features four staves of musical notation for E♭ instruments. The chords indicated are E-7, A7⁹, DΔ, B7⁹, E-7, A7⁹, DΔ, B7⁹, E-7/D, C♯⁰, F♯⁷⁵, B-7, B-7/A, G♯⁰, C♯⁷⁹, F♯Δ, G♯-7, C♯⁷, F♯Δ, F♯-7, B7, F♯-7, B7, E-7, A7, DΔ, F♯-7, B7, and F♯-7 B7. The music is written in 4/4 time.

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Confrontation

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music for 'Confrontation' features eight staves of musical notation for E♭ instruments. The chords are labeled above each staff: FΔ, E°, A7⁹, D-7, G7, C-7, F7, B♭7, A°, D7⁹, G7⁹⁹¹³, G-7, C7, FΔ, B♭7, A°, D7⁹, G-7, C7, C-7, F7, D♯-7, G♯7, C♯Δ, FΔ, E°, A7⁹, D-7, G7, C-7, F7, B♭7, A°, D7⁹, G-7, C7, FΔ.

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It's the Same

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music for 'It's the Same' features six staves of musical notation for E♭ instruments. The chords are labeled above each staff: A7, D7, G7, A6⁹, F#7⁹, B-7, E7, F7sus, E7, A6⁹, F#7⁹, B-7, E7.

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Off the Trail

Jerry Bergonzi

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Czarology

Jerry Bergonzi

Improvise free with -3, 3, and -6 as motif. Form: 1st line played twice as head; each line played 3 times.
Freie Improvisation mit -3, 3 und -6 als Motiv: Form: 1. Linie 2x als Head; dann jede Linie 3x.

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E♭ INSTRUMENTS

Left of Memory

E-

F♯⁰

B7^{b9b13}

E-

Jerry Bergonzi

D-7

G7

CΔ

1. F♯⁰

B7^{b9}

E-7

D-7

C♯-7

F♯7

F♯⁰

B7^{b9}

2. A-7

D-7

GΔ

F♯⁰

B7^{b9}

E-

A7

D7

GΔ

F♯⁰

B7^{b9b13}

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In It

Jerry Bergonzi

A-7

A7 alt

D-7

A-7

F7

E7^{b9b13}

A-7

B⁰

E7^{b9b13}

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Everywhere

Jerry Bergonzi

The music consists of 16 staves of musical notation. The first staff starts with EΔ. Subsequent chords include G-7, C7, F#-7, F#-7/E, D#°, G#7b9, C#7b9, F#-7, D7#11, G#-7, C#7b9, F#-7, B7b9, EΔ, 1. F#-7, B7, 2. D-7, G7, CΔ, A7b9, D-7, G7, CΔ, G#7, D-7, G7, CΔ, F#-7, B7, E-7, A7, F#-7, B7, G-7, C7, F#-7, EΔ, G-7, C7, F#-7, F#-7/E, D#°, G#7b9, C#7b9, F#-7, D7#11, G#-7, C#7b9, F#-7, B7b9, EΔ, F#-7, B7.

Small Pleasures

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for E♭ instruments. The staves are arranged vertically, each starting with a different key signature and time signature. The first staff starts with DΔ and a 4/4 time signature. Subsequent staves include chords such as C7#11, F#∅, B7b9b13, E-7, G-Δ, C7#11, DΔ, B-7, 1. E-7, A7, C#∅, F#7b9, B-7, E-7, A7, 2. G#-7, C#7 alt., F#-7, B-7, E-7, A7, DΔ, G-7, C7, FΔ, E♭7#11, A∅, D7b9b13, G-7, Bb-Δ, E♭7#11, FΔ, D-7, 1. G-7, C7, E∅, A7b9, D-7, G-7, C7, 2. B-7, E7 alt., A-7, D-7, A-7, D-7, G-7, C7, A-7, D-7, G-7, C7, FΔ, E-7, A7, E-7, A7, to top.

Repeato-vonce

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of eight staves of musical notation for Eb instruments. The chords labeled are A7sus, F7sus, A7sus, F7sus, C#7sus, C7sus, G#7sus, and F7sus. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having specific markings like dots or dashes.

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Ryvim with Ding

Jerry Bergonzi

A musical score for E♭ instruments. The first measure shows a melodic line starting on G, followed by E7, A-7, D7, G, E7, A-7, and D7. The second measure continues the melodic line with a 'Ding' note.

A musical score for E♭ instruments. It includes a melodic line with chords G, G7, C, F7, and transitions to 1. G, A-7, D7, and 2. G, D7, G.

A musical score for E♭ instruments. It includes a melodic line with chords B7, E7, and D7.

A musical score for E♭ instruments. It includes a melodic line with chords A7, D7, and E7.

A musical score for E♭ instruments. It includes a melodic line with chords G, E7, A-7, D7, G, E7, A-7, and D7.

A musical score for E♭ instruments. It includes a melodic line with chords G, G7, C, F7, and transitions to G, D7, and G.

Stumbling

Jerry Bergonzi

The image shows a musical score for a single melodic line, likely for a solo instrument like a flute or clarinet. The score is divided into five horizontal staves, each representing a different section of the piece. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff starts with a D-7 chord, followed by a sequence of eighth notes. The second staff starts with an E-7 chord, also featuring eighth-note patterns. The third staff starts with a D-7 chord, continuing the eighth-note style. The fourth staff starts with an A-7 chord, maintaining the eighth-note pattern. The fifth staff starts with a D7 chord, concluding the section with eighth-note patterns. The sixth staff begins with a G-7 chord, followed by C7, F-7, and Bb7 chords, each with its own unique eighth-note pattern. The seventh staff begins with a D#-7 chord, followed by G#7, E-7, and A7 chords, also with distinct eighth-note patterns. The music is characterized by its rhythmic precision and harmonic variety.

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Bass line for Stumbling

A musical score for bass guitar, consisting of four staves of music. The first staff begins with an F-7 chord, followed by a G-7 chord, and a C7 chord. The second staff begins with an F-7 chord, followed by a C-7 chord, and an F7 chord. The third staff begins with a Bbb-7 chord, followed by an Eb7 chord, an Ab-7 chord, and a Db7 chord. The fourth staff begins with an F#-7 chord, followed by a B7 chord, a G-7 chord, and a C7 chord.

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High Tops

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

Jerry Bergonzi

E-7

A7

F#⁰B7^{b9}

G-7

C7

G-7

C7

F#-7

B7

E-7

A7

D

1. F#-7 B7

2. D

FΔ

B7^{b7}

CΔ

F-7

B7

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

F#⁰B7^{b9}

G-7

C7

F#⁰B7^{b9}

E7

A7

D

F#-7

B7

Let's Pretend

Jerry Bergonzi

D7sus

B♭7sus

D7sus

F♯7sus

G♯7sus

A7sus

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Sour But Lovely

Jerry Bergonzi

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

D7

G7

A6⁹

E7

A6⁹

D-7

G7

AΔ

D-7

G7

AΔ

F-7

B♭7

CΔ

C-7

F7

B-7

E7

E-7

A7

E-7

A7

D7

G7

A6⁹

E7

A6⁹

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Fool Hardy

Jerry Bergonzi

Sheet music for E♭ instruments featuring the jazz standard "Fool Hardy" by Jerry Bergonzi. The music is arranged in six staves, each with a treble clef and a 4/4 time signature. Chords are indicated above the staff or in parentheses below the staff.

- Staff 1:** GΔ, E7, A-7, A-7/G, F#7sus
- Staff 2:** B-7, E7sus, E7, 1. A-7, D7^{b9}
- Staff 3:** GΔ, D-7, G7, CΔ, F#°, B7^{b9}
- Staff 4:** E-7, (B7), (E-7) A7, (A7), A-7, (E7), (A-7) D7, (D7)
- Staff 5:** 2. A-7, A-7/G, F#°, B7^{b9}, E-7, C-7, F7
- Staff 6:** GΔ, F7, E7, A-7, D7
- Staff 7:** G, E-7, EbΔ, D7

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New in the Neighborhood

(No A section chords. Improvise off bass line.)

Jerry Bergonzi

F♯⁰

B7⁹

E-

A-7

D7

GΔ

A section bass line

7th Ray

Use 4, -5, -6 as intervallic motif.

Jerry Bergonzi

BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

No Holds Barred

Jerry Bergonzi

B_b7 E_b7 B_b7
E_b7 A_b7 B_b7 G7
C-7 F7 B_b6⁹ G7 C7 F7

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You Mention it Too

Jerry Bergonzi

G-7 C7 FΔ D7^{b9}
G-7 C7^{b9} FΔ D7^{b9}
G-7 G-7/F EØ A7^{b5} D-7 D-7/C BØ E7^{b9}
1. AΔ B-7 E7 AΔ A-7 D7
2. A-7 D7 G-7 C7 FΔ A-7 D7

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Confrontation

Jerry Bergonzi

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It's the Same

Jerry Bergonzi

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Off the Trail

E♭Δ Jerry Bergonzi

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Czarology

Jerry Bergonzi

Improvise free with -3, 3, and -6 as motif. Form: 1st line played twice as head; each line played 3 times.
Freie Improvisation mit -3, 3 und -6 als Motiv: Form: 1. Linie 2x als Head; dann jede Linie 3x.

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Left of Memory

Jerry Bergonzi

1. A⁰ D7⁹ G-7 F-7

E-7 A⁰ D7⁹

2. C-7 F-7 B⁹Δ A⁰ D7⁹ G-

C⁷ F⁷ B⁹Δ A⁰ D7⁹⁹¹³

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In It

Jerry Bergonzi

C-7 C⁷ alt

F-7 C-7

A⁹Δ G⁹⁹¹³ C-7 D⁰ G⁹⁹¹³

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Everywhere

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of ten staves of bass clef notation. Chords are labeled above each staff. The chords include GΔ, Bb7, Eb7, A-7, A-7/G, F#o, B7b9, E-7, A-7, B-7, E7b9, A-7, F7#11, B-7, E7b9, A-7, D7b9, GΔ, 1. A-7, D7, 2. F-7, Bb7, EbΔ, C7b9, F-7, Bb7, EbΔ, B7, F-7, G-7, C7, A-7, D7, Bb7, Eb7, A-7, D7, GΔ, Bb7, Eb7, A-7, A-7/G, F#o, B7b9, E-7, A-7, B-7, E7b9, A-7, F7#11, B-7, E7b9, A-7, D7b9, GΔ, A-7, D7.

BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Small Pleasures

Jerry Bergonzi

The score is composed of ten staves of bass clef music. Chords labeled above the notes include:

- Staff 1: FΔ, Eb7#11, A°, D7b9b13
- Staff 2: G-7, Bb-Δ, Eb7#11
- Staff 3: FΔ, D-7, 1. G-7, C7
- Staff 4: E°, A7b9, D-7, G-7, C7
- Staff 5: 2. B-7, E7 alt., A-7, D-7, G-7, C7
- Staff 6: FΔ, Bb-7, Eb7, AbΔ, Gb7#11
- Staff 7: C°, F7b9b13, Bb-7
- Staff 8: Db-Δ, Gb7#11, AbΔ, F-7
- Staff 9: 1. Bb-7, Eb7, G°, C7b9, F-7
- Staff 10: Bb-7, Eb7, 2. D-7, G7 alt.
- Staff 11: C-7, F-7, Bb-7, Eb7, AbΔ, G-7, C7, to top

BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Repeato-vonce

Jerry Bergonzi

The sheet music consists of eight staves of bass clef music. Above each staff, a chord symbol is written in a circle. The chords are: C7sus, A♭7sus, C7sus, A♭7sus, E7sus, E♭7sus, B7sus, and A♭7sus. The music is in common time (indicated by '4'). The bass line is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The notes are primarily on the lower strings of a bass instrument.

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Ryvim with Ding

Jerry Bergonzi

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Stumbling

Stairway

The image shows four staves of bassline notation, each consisting of a bass clef, a 7/4 time signature, and a 5-line staff. The first staff starts in F-7 (two flats) and ends in C7. The second staff starts in F-7 and ends in F7. The third staff starts in B♭-7 (one flat) and ends in D♭7. The fourth staff starts in F♯-7 (one sharp) and ends in C7. Chords are indicated above the staff, and specific notes are highlighted with thicker stems.

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Bass line for Stumbling

A musical score for a bass instrument, likely a double bass or tuba, featuring four staves of music. The score is in 7/4 time throughout. The bass clef is used consistently. The first staff begins with an F-7 chord and ends with a C7 chord. The second staff begins with an F-7 chord and ends with an F7 chord. The third staff begins with a Bbb-7 chord and ends with a Dbb7 chord. The fourth staff begins with an F#-7 chord and ends with a C7 chord. Each staff consists of a bass clef, a 7/4 time signature, and a 5-line staff with vertical bar lines indicating measures.

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

High Tops

BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Let's Pretend

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of four staves of bass clef instrument music. The first two staves begin with F7sus chords. The third staff begins with A7sus, followed by B7sus. The fourth staff begins with C7sus. The music is in common time.

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Sour But Lovely

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of six staves of bass clef instrument music. The first staff includes chords G-7, C7, G-7, and C7. The second staff includes F7, Bb7, C6⁹, G7, and C6⁹. The third staff includes F-7, Bb7, and CΔ. The fourth staff includes Ab-7, Db7, EbΔ, Eb-7, Ab7, D-7, and G7. The fifth staff includes G-7, C7, G-7, and C7. The sixth staff includes F7, Bb7, C6⁹, G7, and C6⁹. The music is in common time.

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

Fool Hardy

Jerry Bergonzi

Jerry Bergonzi

The musical score consists of six staves of bass guitar music. The first staff starts with $B\flat\Delta$, followed by $G7$, $C-7$, $C-7/B\flat$, and $A7\text{ sus}$. The second staff starts with $D-7$, followed by $G7\text{ sus}$, $G7$, ${}^1 C-7$, and $F7^{b9}$. The third staff starts with $B\flat\Delta$, followed by $F-7$, $B\flat7$, $E\flat\Delta$, A^\emptyset , and $D7^{b9}$. The fourth staff starts with $G-7$, followed by $(D7)$, $(G-7)_{C7}$, $(C7)$, $C-7$, $(G7)$, $(C-7)_{F7}$, and $(F7)$. The fifth staff starts with ${}^2 C-7$, followed by $C-7/B\flat$, A^\emptyset , $D7^{b9}$, $G-7$, $E\flat-7$, and $A\flat7$. The sixth staff starts with $B\flat\Delta$, followed by $A\flat7$, $G7$, $C-7$, $F7$, $B\flat$, and $G-7$.

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BASS CLEF INSTRUMENTS

New in the Neighborhood

Jerry Bergonzi

(No A section chords. Improvise off bass line.)

A^⁰ D⁷⁻⁹ G⁻

C⁻⁷ F⁷ B⁷Δ

A section bass line

7th Ray

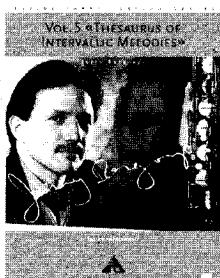
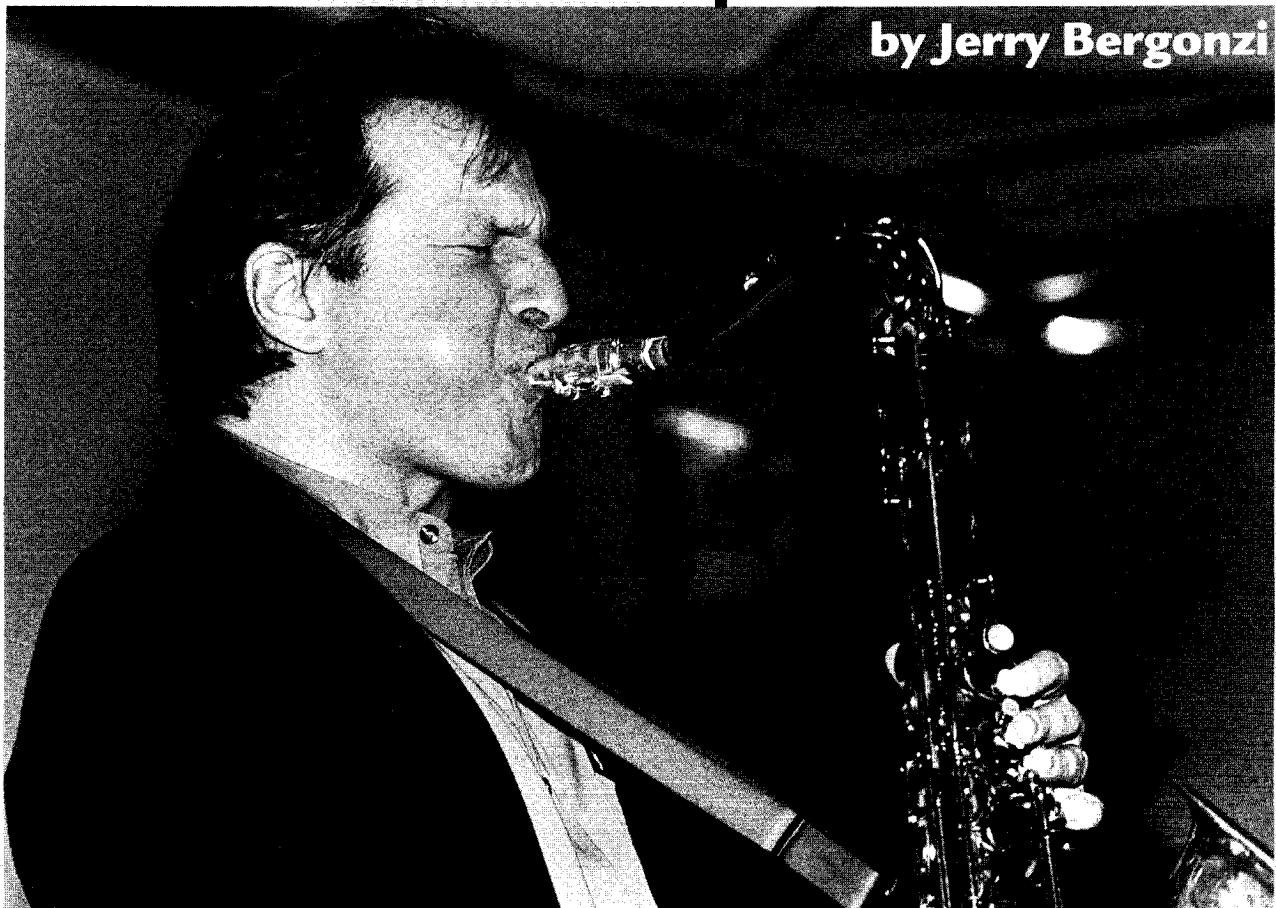
(bass line and melody)

Use 4, -5, 5, -6 as intervallic motif.

Jerry Bergonzi

the inside improvisation series

by Jerry Bergonzi



Vol. 5, Thesaurus of Intervallic Melodies (E-D)

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»Time and rhythm are king! Number one! We are constantly aware of this fact when we are playing or listening to improvised music. All notes seem to sound good when they are played with «good time». Even melodies that use «wrong» notes sound good when played with good time. What often packages a good time feel are the rhythms a particular artist chooses to use.« (Jerry Bergonzi)

The accompanying CD provides 10 chord progressions that are jazz musicians' daily vocabulary, each played in two different tempos, featuring Bruce Barth, piano; Dave Santoro; bass, and Adam Nussbaum, drums. In addition Jerry demonstrates various approaches on tenor saxophone.

E = English; F = français; D = deutsch

All books include chord changes for C concert, Bb, and Eb instruments.